

May 4, 1769.

The PENNSYLVANIA



G A Z E T T E.

Containing the Freshest Ad-

vices, Foreign and Domestic.

By Captain THOMPSON, from Dublin, and Captain HASTY, from Glasgow, we have the following Advices, viz.

IT is pretended that the Turks, and Confederates of Bar, will be able to bring an Army of 400,000 Men into the Field. It is certain that Preparations are making by the Turks for the Subjunct of 800,000 Men; but they work so slowly; that it is imagined, they will not be able to face the Enemy before July.

Leghorn, Jan. 15. Letters from Corfica confirm the Account of the Affair between the French and the Corsicans in the Neighbourhood of Oletta, which was long and bloody, and terminated in Favour of the latter, who made themselves Masters of a great Quantity of Artillery and Provisions, and took the French Garrison at that Place Prisoners of War. But Letters from Cagliari, dated Jan. 12, contradict the above Account, and say, the Corsicans miscarried in their Attempt to surprize Oletta, and were obliged to retire to Mariana, with considerable Loss.

Warsaw, Jan. 28. The Court has received Advice from the Regimentary Stepkowsky, who commands the Troops in the Ukraine in the Room of the Regimentary Branicki, that 50,000 Tartars are actually encamped within seven Leagues of Balta, and that several among them have even advanced as far as the Suburbs of the Place. These Troops have Orders to march, Part of them into New Servia, and Part towards Poland.

The Haydacks, joined to the revolted Peasants, have ravaged almost the Ukraine, and committed the most horrible Excesses there.

The Sieurs Krainki, Potocki, and Pulow, Marshals of the Confederacy of Bar, are marched with all their Forces to join the Tartars, but the Division under the Command of Pulawski's Son, is still on the other Side the Neister, and refuses to enter the Ottoman Territories.

Berlin, Feb. 4. The Emperors of Russia having expressed her Desire to have some of the King's Officers as Volunteers in the Russian Army, his Majesty, in order to anticipate the Wishes of the Emperors, has pitched upon the following Officers for that Purpose, viz. Col. de Henkel, Prince George of Anhalt-Dessau, Baron Pfu, and the Sieurs Gaudi, Ufdom, and Durand. These Officers are to rendezvous at Breslau, and go together from thence to the Russian Army; during the Time they serve there, the Emperors will defray great Part of their Expences.

Vistula, Feb. 6. The Turks continue to make such great Preparations for War, as if it was their Intention to exterminate the Russians. The Mildness of the Season, in some Respects, favours them; but, on the other Hand, the Badness of the Roads retards the Transport of their Artillery, and all Sorts of Disenables are already broke out among them, which carry off Abundance of People. Besides there reigns very great Confusion in their Army, on Account of the Absence of the real Chief. The Russians in the mean Time are on the Point of beginning their Operations, their advanced Troops being already in Wallachia, so that we may soon expect very important Advices from those Quarters.

L O N D O N.

Feb. 9. Letters from Genoa of Jan. 7. mention Advice being received there, that the French have altered their Plan, which was to wait for the Reduction of Corfica till the Spring, in Consequence of some Intimations from Count Marbeuf, who is of Opinion, that a great Stroke had better be struck this Winter; that accordingly express Orders have been sent to Toulon, Marseilles, and Antibes, for embarking immediately, notwithstanding the Rigour of the Season, a large Body of Troops, and warlike Stores, in order to endeavour at a complete Conquest of those Islands, before the Termination of the Winter.

Letters from Paris mention, that it is not expected there that General Paoli can hold out above one Campaign against the Power of France, not only on Account of Superiority of Numbers, but also as great Dependence is placed on the Defection of some of the Chiefs in Corfica, and that in all Probability by the powerful Influence of Gold, more will follow the Example.

They write from Constantinople, that the Turkish Army, destined to act in Poland, will consist of 250,000 Men; that a Body of 140,000 Tartars have Orders to make an Irruption in the Empire of Russia, and that the Sum assigned by the Porte for the Expences of the War, amounts to 250 Millions.

The Expences attending the prosecuting a certain popular Prisoner, are now said to amount to no less than 900,000 l. which have all been defrayed by one single Person.

It is said his Sardinian Majesty has made a very forcible Remonstrance to the Court of France, in Relation to the Invasion of Corfica, which it is hoped will be attended with Consequences that will be very advantageous for the spirited Natives of that Island.

By Letters from Corfica, we hear that a Report prevails in that Island, that the Dey of Algiers has offered to furnish the brave Paoli with a considerable Supply of Troops and warlike Stores, in order to enable him to preserve the Liberties of his Country from the Encroachments of his ambitious Enemies.

Feb. 11. We hear the Favourite Toast amongst the Quality is, "May we see Mr. Alderman Wilkes go to Tyburn in his gilded Chariot, as High Sheriff, before the Expiration of three Years."

Feb. 13. Letters from Paris, dated Jan. 31, declare, that no News of any Consequence has lately been received at Court, relating to the Affairs of Corfica. It appears, that the Count de Marbeuf has received Orders to act only on the Defensive, till the large Body of Troops from Provence arrives to reinforce him, and that then his Instructions are to act in the most vigorous Manner, in order to reduce the Island under the Dominion of France, which, it is thought, will be effected in about two Months, as several of the first Families in that Island, have offered to join the King's Troops, provided their Privileges relating to Commerce, &c. are not infringed.

By Letters from Copenhagen, dated Jan. 27, we hear, the King has expressed the greatest Satisfaction at the Manner in which the public Affairs have been conducted, during his Absence from his own Dominions. The 16th of this Month the Portuguese and Russian Ministers had each a particular Conference with his Majesty, who it is conjectured, will not take any Part in the approaching War between the Russians and Turks.

The King of Prussia has bought in all the Demands of the German Commissaries, who were denied Payment by the Board of Enquiry in London, after the War. They were paid (or perhaps overpaid) One Million, in lieu of Seven. How this Monarch expects to get in the Remainder, is what the French call, *Un Mystre de la Cour*. But it is imagined that great Politician would not give even five per Cent. ready Money, if he were not sure of obtaining the rest.

Feb. 14. Letters from Kalisch of the 19th ult. advise, that the Confederates under M. Gogolowski came, on the 31st of December, to take Post at Schimiegall and Nitiche; Their Chief occupied the latter Place with 400 Horses, and in the former placed 300 Men; and though the Inhabitants readily complied with every Request they made, yet they committed great Outrages and Cruelties. They carried off every Thing from Nitiche, and all the Provisions from Schimiegall. They killed more Cattle than they could consume, broke the Tuns of Wine in the Cellars, and committed other Excesses. They seized five Persons, and bastinadoed them severely on the Soles of their Feet, and afterwards, hanged them up, suspecting them to be Spies, notwithstanding the Assurances made by the Inhabitants, and some Ecclesiastics, of their being Persons of irreproachable Character; and in spite of the Intreaties of M. Gogolowski their Commander. On the 22d ult. a Detachment of Russian Troops advanced to Tschampin, dispersed and pursued these Ravagers.

It is now thought, that a Bill of Incapacitation will not be brought against a certain Gentleman.

It is said, an Application has been made, in a very extraordinary Tone, by the Ambassador of a great Power, demanding our taking Part in a Quarrel wherein we are at present no ways concerned; and with a haughty Declaration, that not a single Article of Commerce (but through the Medium of other Powers, which must inevitably raise the Price of them to us) shall be permitted to be imported from his Sovereign's Dominions for British Use.

A Letter from Paris, dated January 30, says, "The Embarkation of the Troops now going to Corfica, consists of no more than about 15 or 16 Battalions."

It is said Orders have been sent from Holland, to reinforce and augment the Fortifications of all the Dutch Garrisons and Settlements in the East Indies.

The following is His Majesty's Most Gracious Answer to an Address of both Houses of Parliament.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,
The sincere Satisfaction you express in the Measures which I have already taken, and the strong Assurances you give of supporting Me in those which may be still necessary to maintain the just legislative Authority, and the due Execution of the Laws, in My Province of Massachusetts-Bay, give Me great Pleasure.

"I shall not fail to give those Orders which you recommend, as the most effectual Method of bringing the Authors of the late unhappy Disorders in that Province to condign Punishment."

Feb. 16. By an Express arrived over Land from India, which left Buffon on the 26th of October last, the following Advices have been received from Surat and Bengal, of a fresher Date than any which came by the last Ships of this Season.

From Surat they write, that the principal Chiefs of the Morattas were engaged in a War amongst themselves. These civil Commotions of that powerful Race of People will secure the English from being annoyed by them in the War they are now carrying on in the Decan, against Hyder Ally.

The News from Bengal is rather unfavourable, as they seem to entertain strong Apprehensions of a Rupture with Suja Dowla; this intriguing Prince has, it seems, considerably encreased his Army, and disciplined them upon the Plan of the English Seapoys; he has also made a great Addition to his Artillery, from his own Foundries, where he employs Frenchmen, who cast as good Field Pieces as any brought from Europe; and what appears still more alarming, he has been lately circulating Letters amongst the neighbouring Rajas, setting forth how disgraceful and ignominious it is to the whole Empire, to see the Great Mogul in the Hands of the English East-India Company, who dictate all his Councils.

'Tis thought, however, by intelligent People returned from India, that if a War should happen with this ambitious Neighbour of ours, he must soon fall a Sacrifice, as his Force is still inferior to ours, and his Troops not commanded by European Officers; the only Inconvenience therefore which can probably ensue, will be a temporary Increase of Expence to the Company.

This Day came on again at Brentford, the Election of a Knight of the Shire for the County of Middlesex, when John Wilkes, Esq; being put in Nomination by James Townshend, Esq; Member for West Looe in Cornwall, and seconded by John Sawbridge, Esq; Member for Hithie, the Freeholders were unanimous in their Approbation of the Gentleman nominated, and accordingly Mr. Wilkes was returned without Opposition. The aforementioned Mr. Sawbridge is full Brother to the celebrated Historian Mrs. Macaulay.

Mr. Townshend, and Mr. Sawbridge, both made very elegant Speeches on the Occasion, and the former was chaired for Mr. Wilkes. The Concurrence of Freeholders was prodigious, and the Acclamations with which they received the Declaration of the Sheriff, such as testified the greatest Joy at the Election of their former Member.

It was this Morning currently reported, that Orders have been transmitted to General Gage, Commander in Chief of the Forces in America, to send hither, in a Man of War, certain Persons, accused of stirring up Sedition.

A Letter from Leghorn mentions, that General Paoli summoned a Meeting of the Chiefs of his Party lately; when a new Plan of Operations was agreed on, in order to counteract the Designs of the French in their Winter Campaign.

It was this Morning confidently asserted, at the West End of the Town, that there is not at present any Likelihood of a Pardon being granted to a certain Gentleman, but that he will be left to suffer what the Law has and may inflict.

The Expence attending the Northampton Election, on both Sides, is said to have exceeded 100,000 l.

We are informed the military Force of this Kingdom will hereafter be formed in the following Manner, that any Invasion may become ineffectual and contemptible.

Army of Observation, consisting of Guards, &c. 17 Squadrons, 7 Royal Battalions, 17 constitutional Battalions.

North Column. Stationed in Scotland; 6 Squadrons, 3 Royal Battalions, 12 constitutional Battalions, 12,000 Regulars and Militia.

Centre Column. Stationed North of the Thames; 15 Squadrons, 7 Royal Battalions, 29 constitutional Battalions, 83,000 Regulars and Militia.

South Column. Stationed South of the Thames; 15 Squadrons, 9 Royal Battalions, 15 constitutional Battalions, 76,000 Regulars and Militia.

We hear, that after the Reduction of Corfica, his Most Christian Majesty intends to employ a large Body of his Troops in fighting under the Banners of Mahomet.

[For more News, and new Advertisements, see the fourth Page.]

Now IMPORTED by DAVID SPROAT, and Company.

And now opening at their Store, in Front-street, between Chestnut and Walnut-streets, a large and neat Assortment of MERCHANDISE, which they will sell on the lowest Terms, viz.

A VARIETY of plain and flowered silk gauzes, with flowered bordered aprons and handkerchiefs of the neatest and newest patterns; black and white catgut, thread gauzes, long lavans, check and kencing handkerchiefs, plain and flowered lawns, diaper and table linen, printed cottons and handkerchiefs; a large assortment of mens, womens and youths knit thread stockings, Irish and Scots linens, broadcloths, shalloons and buckrams, Scots carpets and carpeting, checks, oxenbrigs, dotulas and bed ticks; a full assortment of the best white and coloured Scots threads, striped and brown brollands, Tartan plaid, womens flays, garters, bindings and tapes, mens shoes and boots, womens leather and stuff shoes, ivory and horn combs, Clarke's leather powder puffs, shirt bags and pen cases, best Scotch snuff in bottles and bladders; an assortment of saddlery, cutlery and bard ware; delph ware in bottles sorted; new fashion wine decanters, with ground stoppers, double pint and half pint tumblers and wine glasses, iron cast work, consisting of camp ovens, with false bottoms, complete; iron pots, saucepans, fillers, tea kettles and sad irons, iron grates, suitable for chambers or stores, nails, and choice Scotch ale and porter in bottles, &c. &c.

Also a quantity of Carolina pitch, turpentine and resin. 3 M.

Now IMPORTED by ABRAMAM USHER,

Now returned into Front-street, the fifth door above Walnut-street, to the store Messieurs John and Lambert Cadwalader lately left, and has just imported in the last vessels from London, Liverpool and Glasgow; a large and general Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable for the season, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms for cash, or short credit. 6 W.

To the PUBLIC,

JOHN ORD, has set up the Scrivener's business, and hereby gives notice, that any Gentleman, desirous to buy or sell estates, houses, lands, yearly rent charges, annuities, &c. or to borrow or lend Money on good security, may be assisted therein, by applying to him at his office, in Front-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets, where their business will be transacted with the greatest care, dispatch and secrecy. Those who please to favour him in placing out their Money at interest, may be assured, that he will procure them undoubted security by mortgage or otherwise.

Said ORD, upon application, will, with accuracy, peruse and examine titles to lands, &c. and inform the possessors or owners of the deeds relating to such lands, of any defect in their titles, also what will be needful to supply or remedy such defect.

N. B. Said ORD has several title deeds, belonging to divers Persons, who left them with Mr. John Reilly, deceased; the owners are desired to apply to him for them. The

For L O N D O N, The BRIGANTINE HETTY, PETER OSBORNE

Commander; Is a good Vessel, and well accommodated for Passengers; has near two Thirds of her Cargo ready, and is expected to sail about the Tenth of this instant May. For Freight or Passage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, THOMAS PENROSE, or said Master on board, now lying at Hamilton's Wharf.

Philadelphia, May 4, 1769.

Was FOUND, On the Sixth of last Month, in this CITY. A SILVER WATCH, The Maker's Name, JOHN JONES, London. Apply to the PRINTERS of this Paper.

BY virtue of a Writ of Vendition Exponas, on Saturday, the 20th day of May instant, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of Philip Graybill, Tavern-keeper, in York town, in the county of York; a grist-mill, saw-mill, plantation and tract of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate in Chanceford and Fawn townships, York county, adjoining lands of Thomas Grier, William Mackey, William Miller, John Buchanan, and Henry Robinson; taken in execution, as the estate of Samuel Leeper, and to be sold, by GEORGE EICHELBERGER, Sheriff.

THE Members of the CORPORATION of "CONTRIBUTORS to the Relief and Employment of the POOR, in the City of Philadelphia," residing in the said City, District of Southwark, Townships of Moyamensing, Passyunk, and the Northern Liberties, are desired to meet at the Court-House on Monday, the 8th Day of May (agreeable to Law) to choose 12 Managers, and a Treasurer, for the ensuing Year.

RUN away last night, from Newport, New-Castle county, upon Delaware, an Irish woman, named CATHERINE MCCLURE, a short thick set woman, black hair, full eyes, has a kind of a limp in her speech, about 23 years of age; had on and took with her, when she went away, a brown camblet gown, about half worn, a striped linsiey bed gown, one of striped linen and cotton, and one of white linen, one striped linsiey petticoat, and one ditto of blue calimancee, a chip hat, linen bonnet, and two pair of shoes. She had a young child, about 6 weeks old, and came in the night into an out kitchen of mine, and left the child, which was almost perished with cold, before it was perceived. Whoever takes up said Catherine McClure, and secures her in any of his Majesty's goals, so that she may be brought to justice, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me. ROBERT SLATER.

To be LETT by the SUBSCRIBER, HIS DWELLING-HOUSE, at the Corner of Second and Union-streets, which may be entered on any Time in April next.

Also to be Lett, a small Place on Passyunk Road, about three Quarters of a Mile from the City. There is on it a new Brick House, two Rooms on a Floor, a Garden well fenced in with Cedar Boards, a Pump of good Water, and a large Barn. It is divided into four Lots; the whole in good Order, produces remarkably well, and the best Kinds of Grass.

CHARLES COKE.

EDINBURGH.

March 3. Last Night, about Half an Hour after Seven o'Clock, arrived an Express from London, with the News that the Decree of the Court of Session, in the Cause of Douglass, was reversed without a Vote. The House of Peers met on Monday last about Eleven o'Clock, to determine this important Cause; only five of their Lordships spoke, viz. the Duke of Newcastle, Lord Sandwick, Lord Chancellor, the Duke of Bedford, and Lord Mansfield; the House sat till about Nine o'Clock at Night, when the Chancellor stated a Vote, for reversing or affirming the Decree of the Court of Session, which carried reverse.

The Reversion of this noble and illustrious Family, gave universal Joy to all Ranks of People here; the whole Town was immediately illuminated, and Bonfires appeared in all Corners of this City.

LONDON, February 24.

Yesterday there was a Meeting of the Freeholders of Middlesex, at the Assembly-room, Mile-end, in Behalf of John Wilkes, Esq; there were present about 400 Gentlemen. At 12 o'Clock, Mr. Townshend was desired by the general Voice to take the Chair, who, in an elegant Speech, asserted the constitutional Right of the Freeholders of Middlesex, to elect whom they thought proper to represent them in Parliament; and having produced many Instances of former Expulsions, observed, that none of those could, in his Opinion, affect the Case of Mr. Wilkes. In which Argument he was seconded by Mr. Sawbridge, and the Rev. Mr. Horne, who read a Cafe in Points, which happened in the present Reign, of an Expulsion, Re-expulsion, and even an Act of Assembly, in the Island of Barbadoes, and their whole Proceedings in the said Cafe disannulled by our gracious King and Council, as an Invasion upon the Rights of the People to chuse their Representatives. Several more Gentlemen delivered their Sentiments to the same Effect; and Sir F. Delaval stood up to vindicate his own Character and Conduct in the present Proceedings, pledging his Honour that he never did, nor ever will, oppose Mr. Wilkes, either in the County of Middlesex, or elsewhere. Each of the Speakers concluded with an Exhortation of Unanimity in their Perseverance to maintain their Right of Election, to be dutiful to the King, oppose bad Men, and bad Measures, to preserve the Peace on all Occasions, and to vote for Mr. Wilkes, and Mr. Wilkes only. It was then put up to the Vote, whether they would unanimously, and at their own Expence, support the Election of Mr. Wilkes on the 16th of March next, and to use the utmost of their Endeavours to bring as many Friends as possible to Brentford on that Occasion? When it was unanimously agreed so to do, and it was added, *viva voce*, that they would rather lose their Lives than their Liberties.

Feb. 25. We hear 1000 Seamen will speedily be wanted, to man some Ships of War, going upon an Expedition of Importance.

There has no Person yet appeared to oppose Mr. Wilkes in his Election for Middlesex; and as his Friends seem to be as numerous and hearty as ever, it is imagined that all Opposition will be ineffectual.

We hear that this Day there was a second Meeting of Mr. Wilkes's Friends at the London Tavern, when a further considerable Sum was subscribed to support his Interest.

According to Letters from New-Serbia, several Skirmishes have lately happened between the Tartars and the light Troops of Russia, but without any material Advantage being gained on either Side.

London Tavern, February 25, 1769.

Many Gentlemen, Members of Parliament and others, divested of every personal Consideration, and unconnected with any Party, have formed themselves into a Society at the London Tavern, under the Title of *Supporters of the Bill of Rights*.

The sole Aim is to maintain and defend the legal constitutional Liberty of the Subject. They mean to support Mr. Wilkes and his Cause, as far as it is a public Cause. For this Purpose only they solicit the Countenance and Encouragement of the Public, whose Emolument and Advantage alone are intended.

Yesterday Morning several of the Agents for the Colonies waited upon his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, on Affairs of great Importance to North-America.

March 2. Yesterday was held at the Town-Hall, in Southwark, the most numerous and respectable Meeting of the Electors of that Borough, that ever was known in the Memory of Man. Edward Stevens, Esq; by general Consent, was appointed Chairman; Sir Joseph Massey, Bart. one of the Members, attended; and the other Member, Henry Thrale, Esq; came soon after, in Consequence of a Message for that Purpose. Sir Joseph Massey defended the Propriety and Necessity of Instructions, at this critical Period, in Terms that met with the general Approbation of the Meeting, and declared his Intention of supporting the constitutional Liberty of this Country, without Place, Pension or Emolument whatever, untroubled by Power, and influenced only, not by Men, but Measures, and avowed his strong Attachment to his Majesty's Person and Family, and the Principle of the glorious Revolution. A Question was then put, and the Sense of the Company taken, whether Instructions should be given, when there appeared many Hundreds for the Proposition, against about a Dozen of a contrary Opinion. The Instructions are in general like those of London; the following is one.

VI. That, as the Trade and Commerce to our American Possessions is of the utmost Importance to the Manufactures of Great-Britain, you use your utmost Endeavours to reconcile the unhappy Differences subsisting between the Mother Country and the Colonies, to the total Exclusion of the Manufactures of other Nations.

Paragraph of the Instructions from the City of Bristol.

V. That you exert all your Abilities, to support and extend the Trade and Manufactures of this Nation in every Branch. That you will bear-ly join in all Measures for reconciling the Difference, unhappily subsisting between this Kingdom and its Colonies; and that you will be strenuously active in obtaining a Repeal of the Laws, imposing Duties on British Manufactures exported to America, which has been found highly prejudicial to the Nation in general, and to this City in particular.

By Captain CALEF, and others, arrived at Boston from London, and Captain CREIGHTON, arrived here, in a very short Passage, from the same Place, we have the following Advices, viz.

WARSAW, February 21.

A COURIER, dispatched from the great Army of the Russians, arrived here Yesterday with the following Advices. The Chan of the Tartars of Crimea having marched from Balta, at the Head of about 12,000 Men, and made an Invasion into New-Serbia, met upon the Frontiers a Body of Russian Troops, commanded by Major General Alexander Isakow. They engaged immediately, but the Affair was soon decided; for the Tartars, tho' much superior in Number, ran away after the Loss of about 700 Men killed, and some Hundreds taken Prisoners. The Chan went off towards Poland, but General Isakow followed him; and the Russian Major General Prince Prossorowski is also marched from Constantinow, to make Head against him. Another Invasion of the Tartars into the Ukraine, joined by some Arnauts, and some Hundreds of the Confederates of Bar, met with no better Success; they were entirely defeated, their Commander killed, and were obliged to repass the Niefter. This happy Beginning gives the Russians great Spirits, and at the same Time discourages their Enemies.

LONDON, February 28.

The Russian Ambassador was not at Court on Sunday. Some People on this Account conjecture, that the Demands of that Court have been refused here.

March 2. It is said that E--- T---, though some Time past apparently lukewarm in the Cause of the Patriot, has given Orders to a Gentleman in the City to subscribe for his Account no less a Sum than 1000l.

According to Letters from Hamburg, it is the general Opinion, that the Court of Berlin will act only in Defence of her own Territories during the War between the Turks and Russians.

It is said that the Genoese have agreed to build several new Men of War for the Service of France, in Consequence of a late Treaty between the Republic and the Court of Versailles.

March 4. Yesterday arrived a Mail from New-York, brought by the Halifax Packet Boat, Captain Jefferies.

Some Letters from Paris mention, that certain Overtures, in the Name of the principal Chiefs of Corsica, had lately been transmitted to that Court, which if accepted would put the French King in peaceable Possession of that Island, without any more Bloodshed.

March 7. The John and Mary, M'Kennie, from Hull to Virginia, founded at Sea in a violent Storm, the Crew were taken up by a French Vessel, and carried into Marseilles.

Extract of a Letter from Warsaw, dated February 11.

"We have received a particular Account of the two Russian Armies upon the Frontiers; the first of which, commanded by Prince Gallitzin, consists of 31 Regiments of Foot, 40 of Horse, 5 of Hussars, and 9000 Cossacks, together with a Train of Artillery of 100 Pieces of Cannon, and a suitable Body of Engineers. The other Army, commanded by General Romanzow, consists of 11 Regiments of Foot, 4 of Horse, 6 of Hussars, and 10,900 Cossacks, with a Train of 48 Pieces of Cannon. Each Regiment of Foot is composed of 2000 Men, and each Regiment of Horse of 800; so that these two Armies will amount to upwards of 130,000 Men, which will be more than sufficient to oppose the Turks."

By a Gentleman arrived in Town from Rochfort, we learn, that the French are busy in augmenting the Fortifications of St. Cas, Island of Rhee, Oleron, and many other Places on the Coast of Brittany.

March 8. It is conjectured, that the different Litigations of the grand Cause of Douglass in France, Scotland, and England, have cost the contending Parties at least 100,000l. each. The contested Estate, it is said, amounts to about 17,000l. per ann.

Yesterday Morning there was a numerous Meeting at the London Tavern, of Gentlemen, Members of Parliament, and others, who have formed themselves into a Society, under the Title of Supporters of the Bill of Rights, when it is said, a large Sum of Money was subscribed for the Support of Mr. Wilkes and his Cause, which, with what had been received before, for the same Purpose, it is said, amounts to upwards of 10,000l.

They write from Birmingham, Sheffield, and Manchester, that a great Number of Hands are now unemployed, on Account of the little Demand of Goods, owing to the Failure of Orders from America.

March 9. Yesterday a Number of Merchants, Traders, and Inhabitants, attended at the King's Arms Tavern, in Consequence of the Advertisements for a General Meeting, but the Gentlemen who had thought proper, by a subsequent Advertisement (in the Papers of that Day) to forbid the General Meeting, and who had assumed to themselves the Right of resolving upon, and framing an Address, brought in an Address, previously signed by a very few, and laid it on the Table to be signed by those who should approve thereof; when many Persons, at least equally disposed to testify their Loyalty and Duty to his Majesty, and their firm Attachment to our happy Constitution, being desirous of having a Chairman, that they might debate with Decency and Moderation the Propriety of the said Address, and its Tendency to conciliate the Minds of his Majesty's Subjects, insinuated therein to be so very necessary at this juncture, were with great Violence opposed in that Design; which occasioned much Tumult and Confusion. After some Time Samuel Vaughan, Esq; being placed in the Chair, it was resolved, that a Committee of Nine should be chosen to prepare an Address, to be laid before the General Meeting for their Consideration on Friday next, and a Committee was appointed accordingly.

They write from Leghorn, that the late Success of the Detachment of Corsicans posted at the Bridge of Bivino, was chiefly owing to Captain Kennedy, an Irish Gentleman, who was a Lieutenant-last War under General Wolfe in America, and who has for some Time been in the Service of Paoli. He rallied his Men three Times, and charged the French Sword in Hand, till he desperately wounded their Commanding Officer, and obliged them to retreat with great Precipitation.

Letters from Spain advise, that they are recruiting all over the Kingdom, and that their Marine was on a more respectable Footing than ever.

They write from Dantzick, that very large Magazines are forming there, for the Use of the Russian Army in Poland.

KING'S ARMS TAVERN, March 10, 1769.

At a General Meeting of the Merchants, Traders, and principal Inhabitants of the City of London, pursuant to their Adjournment on Wednesday last, the following Resolutions were unanimously agreed to, and ordered to be printed in all the Public Papers, viz.

That the Means which have been used to obtain an Address to his Majesty were fallacious and arbitrary.

That the producing an Address already signed:---The attempting, by Noise and Tumult, to prevent the Appointment of any Chairman, and refusing to take the Opinion of the General Meeting on the Propriety of their Address:---were Measures never before adopted by the Merchants, Traders, and principal Inhabitants of the City of London, and evidently inconsistent with their Dignity and Character.

That the Merchants, Traders, and principal Inhabitants of the City of London, have always acted, and do now act, with so much Loyalty to his Majesty, Affection to his illustrious Family, and Zeal for our present most happy Constitution, that any renewed Declarations of such their Attachment, in this Time of full national Credit, and profound Peace, would have been absolutely unnecessary, had not some Persons, from sinister Views, artfully misrepresented those of their Fellow Subjects, who opposed their arbitrary Proceedings, and refused to enter into all their Measures, as disaffected to his Majesty's Person and Government: THEREFORE, We do, in this public Manner, declare our most sincere and inviolable Attachment to his Royal Person, illustrious Family, and the happy Settlement in his august House, which we are ready to defend with our Lives and Fortunes against all their open and secret Enemies; being firmly persuaded, they are the only Security, under God, for the Continuance of our Liberties, both Civil and Religious.

JOHN MILLS, Chairman.

March 11. It is said the Betts, that there would be no Enquiry into certain Transactions in St. George's Fields, run 248 against 29.

For these two Days past great Numbers of the Merchants and principal Traders of London, have attended at the Merchants Seaman's Office, in order to sign the Address to his Majesty. Near 600 of the most eminent and respectable Names in the City are already signed.

Yesterday the Russian Ambassador received some Dispatches from the Empress, and this Morning his Excellency had a long Conference with the Earl of Rochfort, on the Subject of them, which is said to be of great Importance.

March 15. Yesterday Morning several Agents for North-America, waited on the E. of Rochfort, on Affairs of Consequence, relative to the Plantations.

Yesterday the Right Hon. the Lord-Mayor informed the Court of Aldermen, of the Application that had been made to him to call a Court of Common Council, for the Purpose of considering of an Address to his Majesty, and desired their Opinion and Advice thereon; when the Court signified to his Lordship, that the Power was in himself, and that they had nothing to do with it.

It is said that the Gentlemen, Supporters of the Bill of Rights, have come to a Resolution to allow Mr. Wilkes 300l. per Quarter. The first Payment of which has been already made to him by the Hands of Sir Cecil Wray, Bart. and James Townshend, Esq;

March 16. Yesterday about 200 of the Gentlemen Subscribers to the Address, met at the Merchants Seaman's Office on the Royal Exchange, and appointed the following seven Gentlemen a Committee to go this Day to wait on Lord Hertford, to know when his Majesty pleases to be waited on with a dutiful and most loyal Address of the Merchants and principal Traders of the City of London. Edmund Boehm, Esq; Chairman, Samuel Smithe, Esq; John Cornwall, Esq; Lionel Lyde, Esq; Jos. Watkins, sen. Esq; Peter Ducane, Esq; Timothy Walde, Esq;

Extract of a Letter from Frankfurt, February 13.

"A large Sum of Money is arrived here for the Emperor's

Use. Orders are received here from Vienna, to form immense Magazines of Provision, Corn and Forage. Some rich Jew Merchants have contracted for large Quantities of Ammunition from Holland. Bouffet, and others at Liege, have contracted for Forty Thousand Stand of Arms. The Banks of the Neckar and the Rhine are swarming with Contractors. This City is filled with Quarter-Masters, Adjutants, and Engineers, in the Austrian and Prussian and Service. An incredible Number of French Jesuits are assembled here from all Parts, in various Characters; most in the Drefs of German Officers, and many as recruiting Sergeants, a Character in which they are amazingly successful. The Plain near this City, which you may well remember, where you saw the brave Hessians defeated in the last War, by the superior Number of the French, not by their superior Courage, on that Spot is now marking out an Encampment for 40 Battalions, and 30 Squadrons. Large Redoubts are likewise marked out in the Front of the Line, and 5 in the Rear; each capable of receiving 12 Pieces of battering Cannon.

"It is now affirmed, all these great military Preparations are in Consequence of a secret Treaty between the Emperor and the King of Prussia. The young Emperor is determined to realize the Character of a Patriot King, to establish the Freedom and Independency of the German Princes, and to re-unite to the Empire its dismembered Provinces.

"Alsace is the first Object. The Campaign against France will begin early in the Spring, when the Imperial Head-Quarters will be established at Mannheim, from whence an Army of 50 Battalions will enter Alsace, and, at the Conclusion of the Campaign, the Imperial Head-Quarters will be fixed at Strasburgh. From Luxembourg the Prussian Army, led on by its Royal General, will march to the French Frontiers. From Flanders a third Army will form the Siege of Lille, and enter France. The Army of the Empire will cover Frankfort. The Fortrefs of Huningen is to be given up to the King of Prussia, who is declared the Protector of the Helvetic Union, and to have a commercial Company fixed at Offend, and Half the Garrison Prussians. Strasburgh to be declared a free City of the Empire, and its ancient Privileges and Immunities granted. Certain Advantages are to be given to the Electors of Palatine and Bavaria, and to the Princes of Deux-Ponts, Wurtenburgh, &c.

"It is unnecessary to say what Fleet will at the same Time invade France. I omitted mentioning some of the ancient Families of Alsace are to be declared Princes of the Empire, and have the Rank of Nobility, as granted to others."

We are told that the Supporters of the Bill of Rights, are looked upon by some particular Persons, in the same Light that the Convention held some Time ago at Boston; and it is said that the same Measures will be taken to dissolve and disperse them that were used on that Occasion.

March 17. Yesterday came on, at Brentford, the Election of a Knight of the Shire for the County of Middlesex, when John Wilkes, Esq; was rechosen without Opposition. Mr. Dingley, who had offered himself as a Candidate by Advertisement in the Papers, appeared on the Hustings, but was not proposed by any Gentleman present; and though the Sheriffs repeatedly went round the Hustings, to ask if any Gentleman would offer himself as a Candidate, no one was nominated, whereupon Mr. Wilkes was declared duly elected.

They write from Copenhagen, that a Fleet of five Danish Men of War, and several Transports, are now fitting out there.

Some Letters from the Hague inform us, that a Treaty is now negotiating between the Court of Petersburg and the States General, the Subject of which is at present a profound Secret.

Some Letters from Leghorn mention, that General Paoli had lately discovered two of his own Relations to have been engaged in a treasonable Correspondence with France.

March 18. A firm and absolute Coalition, it is said, is settled between the G-----le and R-----m Parties, so that it was hinted, "that the Door being now open, persons may enter whenever they please."

The last Election of a popular Gentleman, who has been thrice chosen Knight of the Shire for a great County in less than a Year, is declared null and void, and there will be another Election for the said County on the 13th of April next.

We hear that before the 13th of April next, a Petition will be presented to a great Personage, by a very considerable Number of Freeholders of a large County, in Behalf of a popular Gentleman; and also relative to some Matters concerning themselves, which are to be urged in the most dutiful Manner possible.

It is said that Matters are now so well concerted, that the next Election will be final.

On Wednesday last an Address of the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of Bristol, was presented to his Majesty, signed by 284 Gentlemen.

The Address of the Merchants of London is to be presented to his Majesty on Wednesday next, at Two o'Clock.

March 21. A new Writ is issued out for the Election of a Knight of the Shire for Middlesex, in the Room of John Wilkes, Esq; his last Election being void.

Yesterday, at a very numerous Meeting of the Freeholders of Middlesex at the Mile-end Assembly, it was unanimously resolved to confirm their Right of Election; by the repeated Choice of Mr. Wilkes for their Representative in Parliament.

It was observed, that the clear Right of the Freeholders to chuse, and the Duty of the Sheriffs to receive their Votes, and to return Mr. Wilkes, had been put beyond a Doubt by the last Re-election.

A Motion was made for a Petition to the King, and the Freeholders seemed unanimous for that Measure; but on further Consideration the Motion was withdrawn, it being suggested that such a Petition would come with greater Propriety and Force, if the Choice of the Freeholders should again be defeated.

It is impossible to describe the heartiness of the Freeholders, who protested that they would go to Brentford not only every Month, but every Day, if necessary, rather than desert or betray their Rights; and would sooner lay down their Freeholds, or their Lives, than give up their inherent and unalienable Privilege of chusing.

Saturday last died at Bush-Hill, near Enfield, in the 88th Year of his Age, Mr. DAVID BARCLAY, late of Cheapside, where he resided above 70 Years, and by an extensive Commerce with America, acquired a large Fortune, and with that universal Reputation for laudable Industry, strict Probity, unaffected Benevolence and Liberality, as will perpetuate his Memory with Honour and Respect to the latest Posterity. He was the only surviving Son of Mr. Robert Barclay, Author of the famous Apology for the Quakers, dedicated to King Charles II. and was not the less remarkable for having had the singular Honour of receiving under his Roof three successive Kings on their Accession to the Throne, when they favoured this City with their Royal Presence.

A Letter from Paris dated March 15, says, "The Corsicans have received a dreadful blow from their attack on our Posts at Barbaggio; M. Marbeuf has assured our Court, that they lost the flower of their troops in that encounter. M. Colonna, one of their best Officers, is taken prisoner, besides 500 of their most experienced troops. M. d' Ampus, who obliged Paoli to retire at the head of 1200 men, has received the thanks of the Court for his bravery."

Letters received at Paris, from Bastia, dated Feb. 15, advise, that the evening before, the Marquis de Marbeuf retook Barbaggio; when between 2 and 300 Corsicans were killed, and between 6 and 700 made Prisoners, of whom 45 were officers.

We hear orders are given for seven new frigates, of 36 guns each, to be built in private dock-yards on the river Thames, for the Government Service.

It is imagined that the Body of Merchants, &c. who go to St. James's to-morrow to address his Majesty, will be very numerous, as near 800 respectable persons have signed the address.

March 22. It is imagined that the Body of Merchants, &c. who go to St. James's this Day, to Address his Majesty, will be very numerous, as near 1000 respectable Persons have signed the Address.

Yesterday there was a very numerous Meeting of the Gentlemen Supporters of the Bill of Rights, at the London Tavern, Lord Mans-

morris in the Chair, when a farther Sum, it is said, was subscribed in Support of Mr. Wilkes and his Cause.

S A L E M, April 18.

By the Spirit now prevailing in England, with regard to instructing the Members of Parliament, the Friends of the Colonies entertain the pleasing Expectations of a speedy Change of Measures in our Favour.

B O S T O N, April 20.

We learn by Letters from London, That the Agents for the Colonies were determined to petition the House of Commons for the Repeal of the late Revenue Acts! We learn further, that there was no Design in the Ministry to put the Resolves passed by the two Houses into Execution, by advising His Majesty to issue a special Commission, for trying Treason committed in the Colonies (if there had been any such committed) in England. That it was asserted in the Commons, in the Course of the Debate upon these Resolutions, That such a Commission never would, nor could, consistent with the Acts of the Crown, be issued;—this was peremptorily and positively asserted, and the Crown-Lawyers called upon to answer it.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, Feb. 26.

"ONE of your Friends in the House called for the next Produce of the New Duties throughout the Colonies, and it did not appear they had produced One Shilling: That the Expence of Collecting was too great for the Income. The Attorney-General declared there was no Treason, nor Misprision of Treason, in the Papers now before the House; which Papers are the Grounds of all the Proceedings."

The Day Capt. Calef left London, it was said, that American Affairs had been again taken up in Parliament; and that the Speeches were more in Favour of America than at any Time since the Beginning of the Session: By which it was thought by some the Acts would soon be repealed; tho' by others it was imagined it would not be before the next Session: It was the Opinion of the principal Merchants, that the Resolution of Non importation of Goods would save us.

The Duke of Cumberland Packet, failed from Falmouth, for New-York, the 7th of March.

The Editor of the Gentleman's Magazine says, Though the American Translations may seem tedious at present, when every News-Paper is full of them, yet they will afford Materials for an important Part of the History of the present Times.

N E W - Y O R K, May 1.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London to his Friend in New-York, dated March 4, 1769.

My dear Countrymen,

"The prevailing Opinion in this Country now is, that as you find the Ministry firm, and unshaken in their Resolutions, to fix the present Revenue Act upon you; and as the People of Boston did not oppose the Landing of the Troops, which from the injurious Reports of them was expected; that from Fear on the one Hand, and the Love of Ease and Luxury on the other, you will no longer strive against the Measures which have been adopted; but rely upon the Promises of Ministers, and the Justice of your Cause, for a Repeal: Most of your warmest Advocates here believe this will be the Event. My Sentiments (tho' they receive no Weight from myself) are totally different; and I have ventured to make such prophetic Expressions of your future Conduct, as these: That you are the direct Descendants of Men, who ventured every Thing; who effected every Thing that Men could do, to secure you an unshaken Independence; that you are scarcely emerged from the rough Hands of Poverty; that you have as yet never tasted of the ripe Fruits of Luxury; that you have lived under Forms of Government, which in general leave much Power in the People; that no Distinctions have as yet been made between Rich and Poor; that Independence and fixed Property stand connected with every Class of Men, upon the first Steps of Industry; that you are jealous of every Encroachment upon your dear bought Privileges; that as you are in your Infancy, you are consequently virtuous; which indeed is acknowledged by all who know you: That you have your Eyes open, and feel very sensibly, the fatal Stroke, so artfully aimed at your Liberties; that you know the Principles of the Men who now have most Influence, to be the same with those who heretofore attempted to— you; that nothing is so little to be depended on as the Promises of a Tory Ministry; and that to be credulous in this Instance, so far as to act in Conformity to their Dictates, is to be for ever ruined; that from the Declarations made by them in P—t, and the late A—ts to a great Personage, whereby one of the principal Colonies is left without an Atom of Liberty; and that this may soon be the Fate of any other, or all the other Colonies in America; That you remember, with inexpressible Horror and Indignation, there was such a Thing once in England as a Star Chamber Court, and that there may be another in future Time; that from the uniform Tenor and Conduct of the Men who have been instrumental in scourging you, there is no Good to be expected, but every Thing to be dreaded, both here, and in America; that as you know you are slaves when your Property is at the Disposal of another,—as common Sense teaches you to conclude justly, that he who can demand one Farthing, can demand the whole; and as I know, from a personal Acquaintance with many of the principal Men among you, that you are most fully resolved to be free;—I have from these Considerations, formed a singular Opinion, and still believe, you will pursue every legal Measure, tho' ever so arduous; avoid every Luxury, tho' ever so sweet, till you convince your Enemies how difficult it must be, either to enslave you, or drive you to Disobedience. I am afraid to say, that both have been, and both will be attempted! As I am not ashamed of any Thing which I venture to write or speak relative to public Affairs, you are welcome to put my Name to this Letter, if you suppose it can be of any Use to the Cause of Liberty; but if not, I chuse to go under the Name of A M E R I C A N."

Extract of a Letter from London, per Captain Munds.

"The Argument of Taxing the Colonies, is now judged, by every sensible Man, to be imprudent and unpatriotic, and from the Language of Lord N—, and the other Ministers in Parliament, they seem to imply, that if the Colonies would recognize the Authority of Parliament, that not only the Glass Act should be repealed or suspended, but a Security offered, that no other Law should be enacted during a Century for the like Purposes. I wish the Differences were accommodated, seeing our Enemies avail themselves of our Divisions, and what wounds this Country, must ultimately affect you in like Manner."

Captain Guilford from Jamaica, parted in the Gulf with Captain Gill, in a Ship belonging to Philadelphia, for London, all well.

In Consequence of some Goods being sent from London, in Captain Munds, by the Merchants there, without Orders, and repugnant to the Agreement entered into by the Inhabitants of this City, a Number of the Merchants assembled last Saturday Evening, and agreed, That the said Goods should be stored immediately, without opening any of the Packages; which Agreement was instantly complied with by the Gentlemen to whom they were addressed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.

Extract of a Letter from Manchester, March 8.

"In respect to public Concerns, every Thing is carried on with a high domineering Hand, both with regard to our domestic and American Affairs, quite contrary to the Sentiments of the wife and virtuous Part of the Nation. The Majority in the House of C— is so great, and so venal, that they vote any Thing they are directed; and all our Hopes of Redress now seem to rest in the Expectation, that they will speedily go such Lengths, that the People will bear no longer. We hope for, nay, we doubt not, the Firmness of the Americans, that they will calmly, without the least Rioting, or Disobedience to the Laws, abide by the constitutional Principles they have so universally adopted. I met and consulted with the rest of the Manchester Merchants, to whom the Memorial of the Philadelphia Merchants was addressed; and was lately in London, and consulted my Friends there, and some among those of high Rank; but it was the unanimous Opinion, that if any Attempts in Favour of our Friends were made now, we should miscarry; and that it was better to wait for a more favourable Opportunity. I am of Opinion that Contingency is not far off."

Extract of a Letter from London, March 20, 1769.

"Mr. Wilkes has been twice expelled, and has offered himself a third Time a Candidate for the County of Middlesex, and on the 16th Instant he was a Third Time elected, without Opposition, tho' one Mr. Charles Dingley, a Merchant in this City, declared

himself a Candidate, but a few Hours previous to the Poll; yet in Fact he could not find a Freeholder to put him in Nomination; some People think, had he but polled Half a Dozen Votes, he would have been the sitting Member, as Mr Wilkes (they say) was rendered incapable, tho' he had Two Thousand ready to poll for him. How far this will be admitted in the House of Commons, Time can only discover. A new Writ is issued, and Mr. Wilkes, I make no Doubt, will declare himself again, tho' he has not yet made any public Declaration."

Extract of another Letter from London, of the same Date.

"We fear the Revenue Act will not be repealed this Session; should be much pleased to advise conciliating Measures were likely to be adopted, and shall cheerfully exert ourselves to promote so happy an Event."

On Monday next the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province meets here.

On Thursday last Mr. ISAAC HAZLEHURST, of this City, Merchant, was married to Miss JOANNA PURVIANCE, an agreeable and accomplished young Lady.

Captain Sparks, from London for this Place, failed a few Days before Captain Creighton, and may be hourly expected.

Captain Lockton, from St. Christophers, on the 14th of last Month, in Lat. 23:27, Long. 66:30, spoke a Snow, Captain Montgomery, from New-York for Jamaica, 7 Days out; 16th, in Lat. 25, Long. 67:30, spoke a Ship, Captain Billings, from the Coast of Africa for South-Carolina, with 336 Slaves on board, out 61 Days; 23d, in Lat. 35:10, Long. 70, spoke a Sloop, belonging to Salem, New-England, from Maryland, bound to the West-Indies; the same Day he also spoke a Sloop from Virginia for Bermuda, both 3 Days out, and all well in each Vessel.

Captain Thompson, from Dublin, on the 23d ult. about 50 Leagues from our Capes, spoke the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, bound to London from this Port.

Captain Creighton, from London, on the 21st ult. in Lat. 38, Long. 60:30, spoke the Snow Britannia, Captain White, from this Port for Lisbon, 6 Days out, all well.

Yesterday the Ship Marquis of Granby, Captain McIlvaine, arrived here from Londonderry, which Place he left the First of April, but brings no later Advices than we had by Capt. Creighton.

A R R I V A L S.

From Philadelphia. Captains Davidson, and Castle, at Lisbon; Keith, at Newry; Dingee, at Cork; Whitelock, Taylor, Curry, and Caffon, at Barbados; and Captain Conyngham, at Antigua. Captain Walker, from Wilmington, is also arrived at Barbados.

From Virginia. Captain Ludd, in London; and the Captains Lees, Tenant, and Thompson, at Glasgow.

From Maryland. Captain Hall, at Deal.

Captain Waddell, from New-York, is arrived at Gibraltar.

And Captain Moodie, from Boston, is arrived at Glasgow.

The Captains Easton, Power, Waterman, and Brown, for Virginia, were at Deal the latter End of February; and the Captains Kennedy, Maynard, and Patterson, also for Virginia; and Captain Hendrick, for Maryland, came down about the Middle of March. Captain Frost, for Maryland, was cleared out at London the 22d of March.

** For the Copies of three Letters from Governor BERNARD to Lord HILLSBOROUGH, see the Supplement.

The Members of the American Philosophical Society, held at Philadelphia for promoting Useful Knowledge, are desired to take Notice, that their next Meeting is to be To-morrow Evening, at the College. Business to begin precisely at Seven o'Clock.

C U S T O M - H O U S E, Philadelphia, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Three Friends, N. Cowper, from Bermuda. Snow Elizabeth, J. Gibbon, Malaga. Ship Catherine, A. Henderson, Barbados. Sloop America, J. Gorham, and Sloop Nancy, W. Marshall, Boston. Brig Elizabeth and Mary, J. Kirkpatrick, Dublin. Sloop Rennis, E. Higgins, Maryland. Brig Molly, J. Lockton, St. Kitts. Ship Fame, P. Creighton, from London.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Fanny, H. Jones, for Dominica. Brig Elizabeth, F. Fearis, Newfoundland. Ship Sally, P. Brown, Madeira. Brig Eagle, J. Cochran, Cork. Schooner Sally, S. Dalling, for Antigua.

CLEARED. Ship Philadelphia Packet, W. Budden, to Oporto. Schooner William, J. Adams, Nova-Scotia. Schooner Charming Nancy, J. Mallowney, Halifax. Schooner Ranger, T. Bacon, Salem. Sloop Rainbow, W. Church, Sloop Molly, J. Chapman, and Sloop Three Friends, T. Parker, Boston. Snow Molly, J. Butler, Cork and Liverpool. Ship Hope, J. Robinson, Bristol. Schooner Nancy, A. Mills, to North-Carolina.

Philadelphia, May 1, 1769.

THE Possessors of the Certificates issued for Money borrowed by the Managers of the Contributions for the Relief and Employment of the Poor in the City of Philadelphia, are hereby directed to bring them in immediately to HENRY DRINKER, Treasurer, for Payment of Principal and Interest, as no Interest will be paid, accruing after the 15th Instant.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 23d of May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of John Bartolet, in Buffeltown, a certain messuage, and plantation or tract of land, situate partly in Lower Dublin, and partly in Abington township, containing 65 acres, or thereabouts, bounded by lands of Thomas Bourne, William Watkins, and others; late the estate of Isaac Taylor; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 23d of May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of John Bartolet, in Buffeltown, a certain stone messuage, and lot or piece of ground, situate in Smithfield, in the Manor of Moreland, containing one acre and a half, and 20 square perches, be the same more or less; bounded by the Southampton road, and lands of John Adkins, Abel Walton, and others; late the estate of John Dorland and wife; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 25th of May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, a certain plantation, or tract of land, situate in the township of Plymouth, containing about 18 acres, and 24 perches; bounded by lands of Alexander Lisle, Barnabas Coulston, John Coulston, and the Great Manatawny road, having a two story stone dwelling-house, stone barn, stables, &c. erected thereon; late the estate of William Lawrence; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 26th of May, at the London Coffee-House, at 7 o'clock in the evening, a certain brick messuage, and lot of ground, situate on the east side of Third-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 39 feet, and in depth 140 feet; bounded westward by Third-street aforesaid, northward by John Clifton's ground, eastward by the next described lot, and southward by ground of John Thornhill, and others. Also a certain wooden shop, and lot of ground, situate the distance of 140 feet eastward from the east side of Third-street, containing in breadth 55 feet, and in depth 55 feet; bounded northward by ground late of William Branfon, eastward with back lots, southward with a lot of Thomas Griffith, and westward with the aforesaid lot; late the estate of Henry Clifton; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

To be SOLD,

A NEAT CHARIOT, LINED with light coloured cloth, painted green, gilt panels, steel springs, iron axles, harness for a pair or four horses, and very little the worse for wear, having run only twelve months round this city. Also a pair of bay HORSES, 15 hands and a half high, gay, gentle and well broke. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 29th of May, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the house of the widow Williams, in Front-street, a certain messuage, and lot of ground, situate on the fourth side of Plum-street, in the district of Southwark, containing in breadth 70 feet, and in depth 90 feet; bounded northward by Plum-street aforesaid, southward by Brockden's ground, and eastward and westward by David Chambers's ground; late the estate of Thomas Patterson; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, May 2, 1769.

The day last appointed having proved rainy, we beg leave to advertise, That by virtue of an order of Orphan's Court, on Saturday, the 6th instant, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises,

A CERTAIN piece of MEADOW GROUND, about 2 miles and a half from Philadelphia, situate on Greenwich Island, adjoining the lands of Andrew Bankfon, Stephen Paschal and William Jones, containing about 50 acres, being part of the real estate of Edward Crofton, late of the said city, deceased: The said piece of Meadow is in exceeding fine order, and produces a great quantity of Timothy and Blue-grass: The whole will be divided in nine lots, containing between 5 and 6 acres each; a plan of the whole may be seen at the London Coffee-House, at Ann Crofton's, and at the premises, on the day of sale. The Purchasers paying one half of the consideration money on delivery of the deed, to have 6 months credit for the remainder, giving security for the same, if required.

ANN CROFTON, JOHN HUGHES, Administrators.

N. B. If the weather should be bad on the day above appointed, the sale will be held the Monday following, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

To be sold by Way of PUBLIC VENDUE,

ALL the bricks, and other materials, with which the several houses, on the South-side of the State-House square, have been erected, as they now stand. The Purchaser may have a reasonable time allowed to take them away. The sale will begin on Saturday, the 13th Day of this instant May, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Attendance will be given at the Place on the said Day, by the Trustees of the State-House.

BY virtue of several writs to me directed, on the 19th day of May next, at the late dwelling-house of George May, in the township of Great Egg-Harbour, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, between the hours of 12 and 5 in the afternoon of said day, the following described tracts and lots of land, meadow, and cedar swamp, viz. No. 1, contains 127 acres, on which is a good two story frame dwelling-house and barn, with about 20 acres of cleared land, a grist-mill and saw-mill, in good repair, on a large stream of water, situate on the northerly side of Great Egg-Harbour river, near the head of the tide; within a quarter of a mile from said mills is a very convenient landing, where sea vessels can go and come full freighted. No. 2, is 100 acres of timber land, and includes the abovementioned landing. No. 3, is 101 acres of cedar swamp, about a mile from the above mills, lying on Badcock's creek, which is full of timber. No. 4, is 50 acres of marsh, on the opposite side of the river to the first lot, which is now banked, and makes good meadow. No. 5, is 50 acres of land and marsh, on the south west side of the river, at a place called the Upper Pine Hammock. No. 6, is 50 acres of cedar swamp, on Gravelly Run, about 3 miles from the said mills. No. 7, is 46 acres of land, and cedar swamp, lying on the said river, including a landing, called Colt's Landing. Also 125 acres of cedar swamp, in two tracts, a few miles from said mills. Throughout the above tracts of land, in many places, is found large quantities of iron ore, and the stream on which the mills are built, being sufficient, it is thought a valuable iron work might be erected there, and its situation would render the exportation of it very convenient. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the premises, by applying to Charles Steelman, or Samuel Snell, near the same. Credit will be given for two thirds of the purchase money, with paying interest. The whole late the real estate of said George May; seized in execution, and to be sold by

SAMUEL BLACKWOOD, Sheriff.

N. B. At the same time will be sold, a quantity of West-Jersey rights.

Gloucester, April 27, 1769.

To be sold by way of public vendue, on the first day of June next, on the premises, in the village of Artleborough, commonly called The Four Lanes End, in Bucks county,

LOT OF GROUND, containing about one quarter of an acre, on which there is a good two story stone-house and kitchen, having two rooms on a floor, a good cellar under the same; one other house adjoining the kitchen, 40 feet long, and 20 wide, divided into two rooms for a store-house and shop, with shelves in the same, sufficient to hold a large quantity of goods, a large garret over the same, a framed chair and wagon-house, and smook-house. One other lot of about 4 acres, with an orchard of upwards of 80 apple trees, a number of peach and cherry trees, a nursery of above 1000 young apple trees, good stable and barrack on the said lot; it is pleasantly situated in a good part of the country for almost any public business, about 22 miles from Philadelphia, 7 from Bristol, and 4 from Newtown; the buildings very good, and convenient for store-keeping, or would suit a tradesman of any kind. The conditions of payment will be made easy, and known at the time and place of sale, by

JOHN THORNTON.

WHEREAS JOHN PURDON, of Philadelphia, has assigned over to us, the subscribers, all his goods, debts and effects, in trust for his creditors: This is to desire all persons indebted to him, to make immediate payment; and those to whom he is indebted, are desired to send in their accounts, to ALEXANDER BARTRAM, and GEORGE KENNEDY, Assignees.

April 26.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT OF LAND, at the upper end of Germantown, containing about 15 acres, with a good stone-house, two stories high, 40 feet front, 2 rooms on a floor, a convenient out-house for a tenant, a framed stable and chaise-house; about 5 acres of the land are well timbered, the other part improved in an handsome flower garden, and a large kitchen garden, an orchard of the best apple trees, and a great variety of the choicest cherries, pears, plums, apricots, grapes, and other fruits. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the premises, and know the terms, by applying to

SAMUEL SHOEMAKER.

Chester Goal, April 29, 1769.

NOW in Custody of the Subscriber, a NEGROE Man, named Dublin, who says he belongs to Mr. John Patton, at Berkshire Furnace, in Berks County. His Master is desired to come, pay Charges, and take him away.

JOSEPH THOMAS, Goaler.

Philadelphia, 5th Month 4, 1769.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Nathan Shepherd, late of this City, Carter, either by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, are hereby desired to make speedy Payment to the Subscribers; and those that have any Accounts against him, are desired to bring them in, in order to have them settled. THOMAS SHOEMAKER of Cheltenham, JOHN BROWN, ABRAHAM ROBINSON, of Philadelphia, Assignees.

For C O R K,

THE ERIG,

ELIZABETH and MARY,

JOHN THOMPSON,

MASTERS,

NOW loading at Knoxe's Wharf, will sail the 15th Instant. For Freight or Passage, agree with said Master, or CARRIAN, BARCLAY and MITCHELL. \$

morris in the Chair, when a further Sum, it is said, was subscribed in Support of Mr. Wilkes and his Cause.

S A L E M, April 18.

By the Spirit now prevailing in England, with regard to instructing the Members of Parliament, the Friends of the Colonies entertain the pleasing Expectations of a speedy Change of Measures in our Favour.

B O S T O N, April 20.

We learn by Letters from London, That the Agents for the Colonies were determined to petition the House of Commons for the Repeal of the late Revenue Acts! We learn further, that there was no Design in the Ministry to put the Resolves passed by the two Houses into Execution, by advising His Majesty to issue a special Commission, for trying Treason committed in the Colonies (if there had been any such committed) in England. That it was asserted in the Commons, in the Course of the Debate upon these Resolutions, That such a Commission never would, nor could, consistent with the Acts of the Crown, be issued;---this was peremptorily and positively asserted, and the Crown-Lawyers called upon to answer it.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, Feb. 26.

"ONE of your Friends in the House called for the nett Produce of the New Duties throughout the Colonies, and it did not appear they had produced One Shilling: That the Expence of Collecting was too great for the Income.---The Attorney-General declared there was no Treason; nor Misprision of Treason, in the Papers now before the House; which Papers are the Grounds of all the Proceedings."---

The Day Capt. Calef left London, it was said, that American Affairs had been again taken up in Parliament; and that the Speeches were more in Favour of America than at any Time since the Beginning of the Sessions: By which it was thought by some the Acts would soon be repealed; tho' by others it was imagined it would not be before the next Session: It was the Opinion of the principal Merchants, that the Resolution of Non importation of Goods would save us.

The Duke of Cumberland Packet, sailed from Falmouth, for New-York, the 7th of March.

The Editor of the Gentleman's Magazine says, Though the American Translations may seem tedious at present, when every News-Paper is full of them, yet they will afford Materials for an important Part of the History of the present Times.

N E W - Y O R K, May 1.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London to his Friend in New-York, dated March 4, 1769.

My dear Countrymen,

"The prevailing Opinion in this Country now is, that as you find the Ministry firm, and unshaken in their Resolutions, to fix the present Revenue Act upon you; and as the People of Boston did not oppose the Landing of the Troops, which from the injurious Reports of them was expected; that from Fear on the one Hand, and the Love of Ease and Luxury on the other, you will no longer strive against the Measures which have been adopted; but rely upon the Promises of Ministers, and the Justice of your Cause, for a Repeal: Most of your warmest Advocates here believe this will be the Event.---My Sentiments (tho' they receive no Weight from myself) are totally different; and I have ventured to make such prophetic Expressions of your future Conduct, as these: That you are the direct Descendants of Men, who ventured every Thing; who effected every Thing that Men could do, to secure you an unshaken Inheritance; that you are scarcely emerged from the rough Hands of Poverty; that you have as yet never tasted of the ripe Fruits of Luxury; that you have lived under Forms of Government, which in general leave much Power in the People; that no Distinctions have as yet been made between Rich and Poor; that Independence and fixed Property stand connected with every Class of Men, upon the first Steps of Industry; that you are jealous of every Encroachment upon your dear bought Privileges; that as you are in your Infancy, you are consequently virtuous; which indeed is acknowledged by all who know you: That you have your Eyes open, and feel very sensibly, the fatal Stroke, so artfully aimed at your Liberty; that you know the Principles of the Men who now have most Influence, to be the same with those who heretofore attempted to enslave you; that nothing is so little to be depended on as the Promises of a Tory Ministry; and that to be credulous in this Instance, so far as to act in Conformity to their Dictates, is to be for ever ruined; that from the Declarations made by them in Parliament, and the late Acts, to a great Personage, whereby one of the principal Colonies is left without an Atom of Liberty; and that this may soon be the Fate of any other, or all the other Colonies in America; That you remember, with inexpressible Horror and Indignation, there was such a Thing once in England as a Star Chamber Court, and that there may be another in future Time; that from the uniform Tenor and Conduct of the Men who have been instrumental in scourging you, there is no Good to be expected, but every Thing to be dreaded, both here, and in America; that as you know you are slaves when your Property is at the Disposal of another,---as common Sense teaches you to conclude justly, that he who can demand one Farthing, can demand the whole; and as I know, from a personal Acquaintance with many of the principal Men among you, that you are most fully resolved to be free;---I have from these Considerations, formed a singular Opinion, and still believe, you will pursue every legal Measure, tho' ever so arduous; avoid every Luxury, tho' ever so sweet, till you convince your Enemies how difficult it must be, either to enslave you, or drive you to Disobedience. I am afraid to say, that both have been, and both will be attempted! As I am not ashamed of any Thing which I venture to write or speak relative to public Affairs, you are welcome to put my Name to this Letter, if you suppose it can be of any Use to the Cause of Liberty; but if not, I chuse to go under the Name of A M E R I C A N."

Extract of a Letter from London, per Captain Munds.

"The Argument of Taxing the Colonies, is now judged, by every sensible Man, to be imprudent and unpolitical, and from the Language of Lord North, and the other Ministers in Parliament, they seem to imply, that if the Colonies would recognize the Authority of Parliament, that not only the Glass Act should be repealed or suspended, but a Security offered, that no other Law should be enacted during a Century for the like Purposes. I wish the Differences were accommodated, seeing our Enemies avail themselves of our Divisions, and what wounds this Country, must ultimately affect you in like Manner."

Captain Guilford from Jamaica, parted in the Gulf with Captain Gill, in a Ship belonging to Philadelphia, for London, all well.

In Consequence of some Goods being sent from London, in Captain Munds, by the Merchants there, without Orders, and repugnant to the Agreement entered into by the Inhabitants of this City, a Number of the Merchants assembled last Saturday Evening, and agreed, That the said Goods should be stored immediately, without opening any of the Packages; which Agreement was instantly complied with by the Gentlemen to whom they were addressed.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, May 4.

Extract of a Letter from Manchester, March 8.

"In respect to public Concerns, every Thing is carried on with a high domineering Hand, both with regard to our domestic and American Affairs, quite contrary to the Sentiments of the wife and virtuous Part of the Nation. The Majority in the House of Commons is so great, and so venal, that they vote any Thing they are directed; and all our Hopes of Redress now seem to rest in the Expectation, that they will speedily go such Lengths, that the People will bear no longer. We hope for, nay, we doubt not, the Firmness of the Americans, that they will calmly, without the least Rioting, or Disobedience to the Laws, abide by the constitutional Principles they have so universally adopted. I met and consulted with the rest of the Manchester Merchants, to whom the Memorial of the Philadelphia Merchants was addressed; and was lately in London, and consulted my Friends there, and some among those of high Rank; but it was the unanimous Opinion, that if any Attempts in Favour of our Friends were made now, we should miscarry; and that it was better to wait for a more favourable Opportunity.---I am of Opinion that Contingency is not far off."

Extract of a Letter from London, March 20, 1769.

Mr. Wilkes has been twice expelled, and has offered himself a third Time a Candidate for the County of Middlesex, and on the 16th Instant he was a Third Time elected, without Opposition, tho' one Mr. Charles Dingley, a Merchant in this City, declared

himself a Candidate, but a few Hours previous to the Poll; yet in Fact he could not find a Freeholder to put him in Nomination; some People think, had he but polled Half a Dozen Votes, he would have been the sitting Member, as Mr. Wilkes (they say) was rendered incapable, tho' he had Two Thousand ready to poll for him. How far this will be admitted in the House of Commons, Time can only discover.---A new Writ is issued, and Mr. Wilkes, I make no Doubt, will declare himself again, tho' he has not yet made any public Declaration."

Extract of another Letter from London, of the same Date.

"We fear the Revenue Act will not be repealed this Session; should be much pleased to advise conciliating Measures were likely to be adopted, and shall cheerfully exert ourselves to promote so happy an Event."

On Monday next the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province meets here.

On Thursday last Mr. ISAAC HAZLEHURST, of this City, Merchant, was married to Miss JOANNA PURVIANCE, an agreeable and accomplished young Lady.

Captain Sparks, from London for this Place, failed a few Days before Captain Creighton, and may be hourly expected.

Captain Lockton, from St. Christophers, on the 14th of last Month, in Lat. 23: 27, Long. 66: 30, spoke a Snow, Captain Montgomery, from New-York for Jamaica, 7 Days out; 16th, in Lat. 25, Long. 67: 30, spoke a Ship, Captain Billings, from the Coast of Africa for South-Carolina, with 336 Slaves on board, out 61 Days; 23d, in Lat. 35: 10, Long. 70, spoke a Sloop, belonging to Salem, New-England, from Maryland, bound to the West-Indies; the same Day he also spoke a Sloop from Virginia for Bermuda, both 3 Days out, and all well in each Vessel.

Captain Thompson, from Dublin, on the 23d ult. about 50 Leagues from our Capes, spoke the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, bound to London from this Port.

Captain Creighton, from London, on the 21st ult. in Lat. 38, Long. 60: 30, spoke the Snow Britannia, Captain White, from this Port for Lisbon, 6 Days out, all well.

Yesterday the Ship Marquis of Granby, Captain M'Ilvaine, arrived here from Londonderry, which Place he left the First of April, but brings no later Advice than we had by Capt. Creighton.

A R R I V A L S.

From Philadelphia. Captains Davidson, and Castle, at Lisbon; Keith, at Newry; Dingley, at Cork; Whitelock, Taylor, Curry, and Casson, at Barbados; and Captain Conyngham, at Antigua. Captain Walker, from Wilmington, is also arrived at Barbados.

From Virginia. Captain Ludd, in London; and the Captains Lees, Tenant, and Thompson, at Glasgow.

From Maryland. Captain Hall, at Deal.

Captain Waddell, from New-York, is arrived at Gibraltar. And Captain Moodie, from Boston, is arrived at Glasgow.

The Captains Easton, Power, Waterman, and Brown, for Virginia, were at Deal the latter End of February; and the Captains Kennedy, Maynard, and Patterson, also for Virginia; and Captain Hendrick, for Maryland, came down about the Middle of March.---Captain Frost, for Maryland, was cleared out at London the 22d of March.

** For the Copies of three Letters from Governor BERNARD to Lord HILLSBOROUGH, see the Supplement.

The Members of the American Philosophical Society, held at Philadelphia for promoting Useful Knowledge, are desired to take Notice, that their next Meeting is to be To-morrow Evening, at the College. Business to begin precisely at Seven o'Clock.

C U S T O M - H O U S E, Philadelphia, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Three Friends, N. Cowper, from Bermuda. Snow Elizabeth, J. Gibbon, Malaga. Ship Catherine, A. Henderson, Barbados. Sloop America, J. Gorham, and Sloop Nancy, W. Marshall, Boston. Brig Elizabeth and Mary, J. Kirkpatrick, Dublin. Sloop Rennis, E. Higgins, Maryland. Brig Molly, J. Lockton, St. Kitts. Ship Fame, P. Creighton, from London. OUTWARDS. Sloop Fanny, H. Jones, for Dominica. Brig Elizabeth, F. Fearis, Newfoundland. Ship Sally, P. Brown, Madeira. Brig Eagle, J. Cochran, Cork. Schooner Sally, S. Dalling, for Antigua.

CLEARED. Ship Philadelphia Packet, W. Budden, to Oporto. Schooner William, J. Adams, Nova-Scotia. Schooner Charming Nancy, J. Mullowney, Halifax. Schooner Ranger, T. Bacon, Salem. Sloop Rainbow, W. Church, Sloop Molly, J. Chapman, and Sloop Three Friends, T. Parker, Boston. Snow Molly, J. Butler, Cork and Liverpool. Ship Hope, J. Robinson, Bristol. Schooner Nancy, A. Mills, to North-Carolina.

Philadelphia, May 1, 1769.

THE Possessors of the Certificates issued for Money borrowed by the Managers of the Contributions for the Relief and Employment of the Poor in the City of Philadelphia, are hereby directed to bring them in immediately to HENRY DRINKER, Treasurer, for Payment of Principal and Interest, as no Interest will be paid, accruing after the 15th Instant.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 23d of May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of John Bartolet, in Bustletown, a certain messuage, and plantation or tract of land, situate partly in Lower Dublin, and partly in Abington township, containing 65 acres, or thereabouts, bounded by lands of Thomas Bourne, William Watkins, and others; late the estate of Isaac Taylor; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 23d of May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of John Bartolet, in Bustletown, a certain stone messuage, and lot or piece of ground, situate in Smithfield, in the Manor of Moreland, containing one acre and a half, and 20 square perches, be the same more or less; bounded by the Southampton road, and lands of John Adkins, Abel Walton, and others; late the estate of John Dorland and wife; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 25th of May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, a certain plantation, or tract of land, situate in the township of Plymouth, containing about 18 acres, and 24 perches; bounded by lands of Alexander Lisle, Barnabas Coulton, John Coulton, and the Great Manatawny road, having a two story stone dwelling-house, stone barn, stables, &c. erected thereon; late the estate of William Lawrence; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 26th of May, at the London Coffee-House, at 7 o'clock in the evening, a certain brick messuage, and lot of ground, situate on the east side of Third-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 19 feet, and in depth 140 feet; bounded westward by Third-street aforesaid, northward by John Clifton's ground, eastward by the next described lot, and southward by ground of John Thornhill, and others. Also a certain wooden shop, and lot of ground, situate the distance of 140 feet eastward from the east side of Third-street, containing in breadth 55 feet, and in depth 55 feet; bounded northward by ground late of William Branson, eastward with back lots, southward with a lot of Thomas Griffith, and westward with the aforesaid lot; late the estate of Henry Clifton; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

To be SOLD,

A NEAT CHARIOT, LINED with light coloured cloth, painted green, gilt panels, steel springs, iron axles, harness for a pair or four horses, and very little the worse for wear, having run only twelve months round this city. Also a pair of bay HORSES, 15 hands and a half high, gay, gentle and well broke. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 29th of May, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the house of the widow Williams, in Front-street, a certain messuage, and lot of ground, situate on the fourth side of Plumb-street, in the district of Southwark, containing in breadth 70 feet, and in depth 90 feet; bounded northward by Plumb-street aforesaid, southward by Brockden's ground, and eastward and westward by David Chambers's ground; late the estate of Thomas Patterson; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, May 2, 1769.

The day last appointed having proved rainy, we beg leave to advertise, That by virtue of an order of Orphan's Court, on Saturday, the 6th instant, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises,

A CERTAIN piece of MEADOW GROUND, about 2 miles and a half from Philadelphia, situate on Greenwich Island, adjoining the lands of Andrew Bankson, Stephen Paschal and William Jones, containing about 50 acres; being part of the real estate of Edward Crofton, late of the said city, deceased: The said piece of Meadow is in exceeding fine order, and produces a great quantity of Timothy and Blue-grass: The whole will be divided in nine lots, containing between 5 and 6 acres each; a plan of the whole may be seen at the London Coffee-House, at Ann Crofton's, and at the premises, on the day of sale. The Purchasers paying one half of the consideration money on delivery of the deed, to have 6 months credit for the remainder, giving security for the same, if required,

ANN CROSTON, JOHN HUGHES, Administrators.

N. B. If the weather should be bad on the day above appointed, the sale will be held the Monday following, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

To be sold by Way of PUBLIC VENDUE,

ALL the bricks, and other materials, with which the several houses, on the South-side of the State-House square, have been erected, as they now stand. The Purchaser may have a reasonable time allowed to take them away. The sale will begin on Saturday, the 13th Day of this instant May, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Attendance will be given at the Place on the said Day, by the Trustees of the State-House.

BY virtue of several writs to me directed, on the 19th day of May next, at the late dwelling-house of George May, in the township of Great Egg-Harbour, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, between the hours of 12 and 5 in the afternoon of said day, the following described tracts and lots of land, meadow, and cedar swamp, viz. No. 1, contains 127 acres, on which is a good two story frame dwelling-house and barn, with about 20 acres of cleared land, a grist-mill and saw-mill, in good repair, on a large stream of water, situate on the northerly side of Great Egg-Harbour river, near the head of the tide; within a quarter of a mile from said mills is a very convenient landing, where sea vessels can go and come full freighted. No. 2, is 100 acres of timber land, and includes the abovementioned landing. No. 3, is 101 acres of cedar swamp, about a mile from the above mills, lying on Badcock's creek, which is full of timber. No. 4, is 50 acres of marsh, on the opposite side of the river to the first lot, which is now banked, and makes good meadow. No. 5, is 50 acres of land and marsh, on the south west side of the river, at a place called the Upper Pine Hammock. No. 6, is 50 acres of cedar swamp, on Gravelly Run, about 3 miles from the said mills. No. 7, is 46 acres of land, and cedar swamp, lying on the said river, including a landing, called Colt's Landing. Also 125 acres of cedar swamp, in two tracts, a few miles from said mills. Throughout the above tracts of land, in many places, is found large quantities of iron ore, and the stream on which the mills are built, being sufficient, it is thought a valuable iron work might be erected there, and its situation would render the exportation of it very convenient. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the premises, by applying to Charles Steelman, or Samuel Snell, near the same. Credit will be given for two thirds of the purchase money, with paying interest. The whole late the real estate of said George May; seized in execution, and to be sold by

SAMUEL BLACKWOOD, Sheriff.

N. B. At the same time will be sold, a quantity of West-Jersey rights.

Gloucester, April 27, 1769.

To be sold by way of public vendue, on the first day of June next, on the premises, in the village of Artleborough, commonly called The Four Lanes End, in Bucks county,

A LOT of GROUND, containing about one quarter of an acre, on which there is a good two story stone-house and kitchen, having two rooms on a floor, a good cellar under the same; one other house adjoining the kitchen, 40 feet long, and 20 wide, divided into two rooms for a store-house and shop, with shelves in the same, sufficient to hold a large quantity of goods, a large garret over the same, a framed chair and wagon-house, and smock-house. One other lot of about 4 acres, with an orchard of upwards of 80 apple trees, a number of peach and cherry trees, a nursery of above 1000 young apple trees, good stable and barrack on the said lot; it is pleasantly situated in a good part of the country for almost any public business, about 22 miles from Philadelphia, 7 from Bristol, and 4 from Newtown; the buildings very good, and convenient for store-keeping, or would suit a tradesman of any kind. The conditions of payment will be made easy, and known at the time and place of sale, by

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April 26.

T O B E S O L D,

A TRACT of LAND, at the upper end of Germantown, containing about 15 acres, with a good stone-house, two stories high, 40 feet front, 2 rooms on a floor, a convenient out-house for a tenant, a framed stable and chaise-house; about 5 acres of the land are well timbered, the other part improved in an handsome flower garden, and a large kitchen garden, an orchard of the best apple trees, and a great variety of the choicest cherries, pears, plums, apricots, grapes, and other fruits. Any person inclinable to purchase, may view the premises, and know the terms, by applying to

SAMUEL SHOEMAKER.

Chelster Goal, April 29, 1769.

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JOSEPH THOMAS, Goaler.

Philadelphia, 5th Month 4, 1769.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Nathan Shepherd, late of this City, Carter, either by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, are hereby desired to make speedy Payment to the Subscribers; and those that have any Accounts against him, are desired to bring them in, in order to have them settled. THOMAS SHOEMAKER of Cheltenham, JOHN BROWN, ABRAHAM ROBINSON, of Philadelphia, Assignees.

For C O R K,

The FRIG,

ELIZABETH and MARY,

JOHN THOMPSON,

MASTER,

NOW loading at Knoxe's Wharf, will sail the 15th Instant. For Freight or Passage, agree with said Master, or CARLISLE, BARCLAY and MITCHELL. \$

L O N D O N, February 16.

We hear that this Morning 200 Tons of Ordnance began to be shipped at Woolwich, on board the Elizabeth Transport, for the Use of his Majesty's Garrison of Minorca.

It is said that a great Personage has lately declared, that if a certain popular Gentleman should be re-elected, it was his earnest Desire that all future expulsive Prosecutions should be entirely dropped.

Some late ministerial Movements have struck a great Damp upon the Spirits of the Merchants in this Metropolis, who have immense Sums owing to them from our American Colonies; inasmuch that they now despair not only of recovering any Part of the Debts due to them, but of having any future Trade and Commerce to that vast Continent.

We are informed that a Great Personage has, within these few Days, expressed no small Uneasiness and parental Anxiety, at the Measures that seem indispensably necessary to be taken with a certain refractory Set of People, who remain deaf to all Remonstrances for their real Interest.

It is rumoured, that a Fleet will shortly be fitted out for North-America, in which will be embarked every Necessary to enforce Obedience.

It is thought that Matters will very shortly be made decisive respecting America; not only by a strict Support of the supreme legislative Authority over them, but likewise bringing the Infidels and Ringleaders of the late Commotions there, to a strict Account for their Proceedings.

Feb. 18. Among the Matters which passed on Thursday Se'ennight at the India House, in the Court of Proprietors, after the Declaration of the Ballot, a Gentleman very nearly allied to L---C---, called on the Directors to declare, whether they had not Intelligence that the French were building a great Number of Vessels of War in the Province of Bengal; as also, whether the French have not Four Thousand Land Forces at the Mauritius Island, and were not accumulating Stores there for their Supply when they should be sent to the Continent of Asia? This was not contradicted; but, on this Gentleman's exhorting the Directors to use the most speedy and effectual Means to secure the Possessions from any Attack, in Consequence of any of these Preparations; the Chairman answered, they would do the best they were able.

Thursday was held a General Court of the East-India Company, when it was agreed to empower the Directors to make an Increase of Dividend, if Circumstances will admit of it, and it is said they will be empowered to give to the Government 400,000 l. per Annum, for Five Years.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, dated February 11.

"A strange and sudden Change has lately taken Place in our Political System, attributed solely to the Influence of his Majesty's new Favourite Mademoiselle Barry, who is a very sensible Woman, as well as extremely beautiful. This Lady, whose Head is greatly turned to Politics, is no Friend to the Duke de Choiseul, and much less to his public Conduct, especially with regard to the Corsican War, which she considers as a very destructive impolitic Measure, and in Consequence thereof, a Stop has been put to the sending to that Island so large a Body of Forces as had been intended. The abovementioned Nobleman has thereupon resigned all his State Employments, which it is generally imagined will be given to the Duke de Chatelet, now Ambassador at the British Court.

It is now imagined that the French Troops will soon be recalled from Corsica; but at present there seems to be a Suspension of Conferences on this Matter by the Accident which the King met with by falling from his Horse while hunting on the 4th Instant, in the Forest of St. Germain, whereby he received a Contusion in his Arm, which is not yet well.

In fine, whatever may be the Result of this new Connection, with regard to the Administration of public Affairs here, it is certain no Court in Europe has been so frequently under the Direction of Female Politics as this; Witness, among others, Mad. Maintenon, in the late Reign, and Mad. de Pompadour, in the present."

Another Letter from the same Place says, that the spiriting up the Turks to go to War with Poland and Russia, was the D. De C's Plan.

Some Letters from Paris mention, that the Ambassador of the Most Christian King at the Porte, had made an Offer to the Grand Vifir of a Squadron of French Men of War of the Line, to act where it might be thought necessary.

Mr. W. was, very late last Night, declared incapable of being a Member of a great Political Society during seven Years. The Number of those of the Club who were in Favour of this Determination, are said to have been a great Majority.

Betts, we are told, run last Night against Mr. Wilkes 235 to 89; notwithstanding which our Readers may see, by the annexed Address, that Mr. Wilkes intends starting again for the Plate, at the ensuing Races at Brentford.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Middlesex.

"GENTLEMEN,
THE Unanimity you have shewn in the second Choice of me as your Representative, has not prevented my second Expulsion; another Writ is ordered, and I must again entreat you to confirm your former Choice, by honouring me a third Time with your Votes at the ensuing Election, which will be at Brentford on the 28th Inst. I will never give up the Cause, nor quit the Service of my Constituents, and make no Doubt that your Perseverance in Support of your own Rights, by a repeated Exertion of the Powers you derive from the Constitution, will, in the End, be crowned with the desired Success. In case of any future Expulsions, I will regularly repeat to you the Offer of my humble Service, that you may have again, and again, an Opportunity of vindicating your most valuable Privileges, the Rights of all the Electors of this Kingdom, which I will never abandon or betray.

"I hope none of my Friends will be absent from Brentford on the 28th, and I should be particularly obliged by their early Appearance.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your faithful humble Servant,
JOHN WILKES."

King's Bench Prison, Saturday, Feb. 15.
Mr. Wilkes's second Expulsion is now reported to be founded on the same Principles with, and confirmed by Precedent of Sir Robert Walpole's Case; to wit, that the Expulsion of a Member in one Parliament, renders him incapable of sitting in the whole Course of that Parliament.

It is said a Petition is prepared, and which fills the largest Skin of Parchment that could be procured, by the Freeholders of the County of Middlesex, in Favour of a certain Gentleman, and soliciting a Redress of Grievances, in order to be presented to a great Personage.

One of the Articles in the above Petition is said to contain a Request, that some of the present Pilots be thrown overboard.

Mr. Bingley, in a very remarkable Affidavit, annexed to his North Briton of this Day, makes Oath, that he will never answer to Interrogatories as long as he lives, unless he should be put to the Torture.

On Wednesday last the Hon. Commodore Byron kissed his Majesty's Hand at St. James's, on being appointed Governor and Commander in Chief of Newfoundland.

Most Accounts from the Continent agree in the Supposition, that a certain ambitious Power has sowed the Seeds of Dissension between the Turks and the Russians, in order to bring on a general War in Europe.

Orders are given for a General Muster of the Royal Regiment of Artillery, when a Draught, it is said, will be made for foreign Service.

Feb. 21. We are informed that the Petitions preparing to be presented to a great Personage, by the Freeholders of more than one County, contain a Request of a very extraordinary Nature.

A Report prevailed this Morning, that two more Expulsions were expected soon to take Place.

Some Letters from Leghorn mention, that even General Paoli himself begins to despair of being much longer able to defend his Country; on Account of the repeated Revolt of the Chiefs of Corsica to the French Interest.

We hear an Express arrived in Town Yesterday, to a foreign

Ambassador, which brought Advice of the Death of his Holiness the Pope.

The Virginia and Maryland Merchants, we hear, elegantly entertained several Persons of high Rank, on Thursday, at the London Tavern, in Bishopsgate-street; and that after Dinner, a Plan of great Importance to the Colonies, was taken into Consideration.

At a very large and respectable Meeting of Gentlemen yesterday at the London Tavern (Friends of Mr. Wilkes and the Constitution) at which Meeting many Members of the H. of C. attended, a Subscription was set on Foot to support the Cause, when the Sum of 3340 l. was immediately subscribed, and a Committee appointed to carry the same throughout the Kingdom. The Preamble to the Subscription Paper runs in the following Manner: "Whereas John Wilkes, Esq; has suffered very greatly in his private Fortune, from the severe and repeated Prosecutions he has undergone in Behalf of the Public, and as it seems reasonable to us, that the Man who suffers for the Public Good, should be supported by the Public, We, &c. &c."

Last Night a very numerous Meeting of Gentlemen, in the Interest of Mr. Wilkes, was held at the Swan Tavern, Westminster Bridge; and likewise another at the Prince of Orange Coffee-House, when it was agreed to support the Interest of that Gentleman.

The Election for a Knight of the Shire for the County of Middlesex, which was fixed for the 28th inst. is postponed till the 16th of March.

Feb. 23. Yesterday a Gentleman in a high Department in the Law had the Honour of a long Conference with his Majesty at St. James's.

According to Advices from Vienna, their Imperial and Royal Majesties are determined, if possible, not to take any Part in the present War between the Turks and the Russians.

A Letter from Paris, dated Feb. 13, says, "Notwithstanding his Majesty's late Accident, he gave a private Audience, on the 7th Instant, to Baron Goltze, Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Prussia to this Court, and he had a long Conference with his Majesty."

It is said, that 1,800,000 l. will be wanted on Exchequer Bills for the present Year.

A country Gentleman, of a large Estate, who delights much in gardening, observed at a Coffee-House at the Court End of the Town, that the M---y had been employed in nothing but grubbing up Liberty, and planting Taxes.

A Courtier was lately observing to a patriotic Gentleman, that the only Way to deprive Mr. Wilkes of his Popularity, would be to grant him a free Pardon; you are mistaken Sir, replied the other, the best Expedient would be to tack him to the present M---y, which would render him thoroughly odious to every Man in the Kingdom.

Feb. 24. Letters from Constantinople say, that the English Ambassador had demanded a private Audience of the Grand Vizir, in order to communicate to him some Orders he had just received from the King his Master.

The Imperial Troops appointed to form a Line on the Frontiers of Hungary as far as Austria Silesia, we are told, amount to 80,000 Men, and are cantoned in such a Manner, that they can be drawn together in a few Days.

We are informed that a Committee of the principal Merchants, trading to North America, will in a few Days attend the Levee of the Right Hon. the Earl of Hillsborough, Secretary of State for the Colonies, on Affairs of Importance.

Letters from Leghorn assure, that three large Ships from Tunis have lately arrived at Corsica, with Money, Provisions, and warlike Stores, for the Use of General Paoli.

We hear from Vienna, that great Quantities of warlike Stores are preparing in the Army of Observation, which makes it conjectured, that they may probably be employed otherwise, than merely as Spectators of the Transactions between Russia and the Porte.

Mr. Wilkes's Friends are very fanguine with respect to the Subscription which was opened to support him, at the London Tavern; and some go so far as to say, that it will amount to near 40,000 l. in the Course of next Week.

It is now reported, that the Pardon of a popular Prisoner is deferred till the Arrival of a certain Nobleman from abroad.

The effective Troops in Ireland, by the several late Draughts to America and the Mediterranean, do not exceed 4780, Foot, Horse and Dragoons. Their Militia at present also is merely nominal, as was ours some Years since. As the French, before Admiral Hawke last defeated them, had meditated a Design of invading that Country, even when their Army was complete, what would be their Situation now, with scarce a Third of their Complement, should they take it into their Heads to form such another Design?

The Election for an eminent County, it is said, will be deferred much longer than has been reported.

It is reported, that a Petition is preparing by some of the Livery of London (which will have in it some extraordinary Request) in order to be laid before a Common Hall, for their Approbation and signing.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, February 14.

"You may venture, on your Side of the Water, to lay a good Bet, that the Dutchies of Cleves and Wesel will not long be in the Hands of Prussia, but in those of the States of Holland. They are to cede to him, in Return, the Province of Groeningen. What Advantage will accrue to either on this Exchange is not certain, but Princes seldom make these Exchanges but where the Profit is to both. The French, Spanish, and Prussian Ministers here are inseparable."

We hear a certain Baronet will bring to a noted Tavern 50 Gentlemen, to subscribe 1000 l. each for the Support of Mr. Wilkes.

They write from Sweden, that from the Influence of a certain ambitious Court, who is suspected to have fomented most of the late Disturbances that have agitated Europe, a great Alteration seems likely to happen very speedily in the Affairs of that Kingdom.

[For the Remainder, turn to the Second Page.]

RUN away from the subscriber, living at Newark, two servant men; one named JOHN DAILY, a well set young fellow, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, black hair, tied behind, about 25 years of age; had on, when he went away, an old white cloth coat, a redish brown cloth jacket, blue breeches, broken at the knees, grey stockings, old shoes, old striped linen shirt, and a red handkerchief; professes to be a Miller by trade, and has been in this country for some time; The other, named JOHN JONES, about 5 feet 8 inches high, a slim fellow, blind of one eye, and about 40 years of age; had on, when he went away, a little bound hat, a thin Wig, with one curl at bottom, and old mixt purple coloured coat, broken at the seams, no jacket, old stocking web breeches, old grey stockings, old shoes, and old buckles, not fellows; he professes Horseshanship. Whoever takes up, and secures said servants in any of his Majesty's goals, or brings them to their master in Philadelphia, living in Second-street, on Society-Hill, at the Blue Bell, shall have Three Pounds reward for John Daily, and Twenty Shillings for John Jones, and reasonable charges, paid by me

JOSEPH ANDERSON.

Lancaster County, April 18, 1769.

STOLEN from the subscriber, living in Lampeter township, Lancaster county, on the night of the 12th instant, out of the stable, a bay HORSE, about 15 hands high, 5 years old, his two hind feet white, has a saddle mark on his left side, paces and trots. Whoever takes up and secures said HORSE, so that the owner may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by STEPHEN MAYER. †

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the 17th of April last, from the subscriber, living at Moselem Forge, near Reading, in Berks county, in the province of Pennsylvania, an Irish servant man, named PATRICK WHITE, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, looks mild, yet designing, thin jaws, pale complexion, long face, pitted with the small-pox, light grey eyes, drowsy as if inclined to sleep, thin brown hair, thick legs, broad round shoulders, with a stoop in his neck, walks wide, slow and lazy, speaks good English, tedious in speech, and when merry is fond of rhymes and poetry, chews and smokes tobacco, is fond of drams, and other liquor, very loath to work, but much inclined to loll and sleep; says he served his time to a weaver in Dublin, came to New-York about 18 months ago, travelled through the Jerseys, came to Eastown, was taken up and put in goal for 9 months as a runaway, was sold and run away again, last taken up and put in Reading goal, and sold by Nicholas Scull to the subscriber: Had on, when he went away, an old brown jacket, an old blue and white mixed coloured cloth jacket, old leather breeches, old felt hat, Germantown Night blue woollen stockings, new shoes, yellow buckles; also took away with him two new ozenbrigs shirts, one new ozenbrigs and check pair of trowsers. Whoever secures said runaway servant in any of his Majesty's goals, or brings him to his master, or to JACOB WINEX, merchant, in Philadelphia, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by the subscriber, at Moselem Forge, or JACOB WINEX, in Philadelphia.

HENRY SMITH.

N. B. It is thought he is gone towards New-York; all masters of vessels, or others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off.

NOTICE is hereby given to whom it may concern, that the owners of a piece or parcel of wild marsh, bounding on Delaware river, in the county of Salem, and province of New-Jersey, lying and being between the lands of John Mecum and Allen Congleton, do intend to petition the house of General Assembly of the said province, for leave to bring in a bill at the next sessions of General Assembly, for the banking, laying of sluices, and other things needful to be done, towards draining the aforesaid piece of wild marsh.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, situate in Old Virginia, about 3 miles from Noland's Ferry, and joining to lands of Thomas George, Thomas Maybury, and John Tremble, containing 150 acres, about 60 whereof is clear, and 7 acres of good meadow, and more may be made, the remainder is well timbered; there is on said place, a good dwelling-house, and barn, stables, and a good still-house and still. Likewise to be sold, a young bearing apple orchard, containing 130 trees, besides peach, and other fruit trees; the place all in good repair, and the title good. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may be acquainted with the conditions, by Anthony Hains, living in Baltimore county, 5 miles from Swoop's iron-works, on Little Pipe-Creek; or by the Subscriber, living on the premises, FREDERICK WYSELL. †

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Cecil county, Maryland, an Irish servant man, named PHILIP MURPHY, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; had on when he went away, a half worn hat, 2 jackets, the one spotted flannel, with sleeves, the other a brown, without sleeves, lately turned, and lined with white shaloon; a row shirt patched, a pair of coarse linen trowsers, made breeches fashion, old claret coloured cloth breeches, a pair of stockings footed with lincey, and half worn pumps. He says he is a Coppersmith, and has been some time at sea; he has been 2 or 3 years in the army, and was at the taking of the Havana; he says he received a wound in his stomach, and carries the mark; he is a good Coblery, and a handy ingenious fellow at almost any thing. Whoever takes up and secures said servant in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have Three Pounds reward, paid by me

JONAS CHAMBERS.

N. B. The said Philip Murphy has short brown curled hair, and may change his name and clothes. All masters of vessels are forewarned not to carry him off at their peril.

Germantown, March 1, 1769.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE, on Monday, the 8th day of May next, on the premises,

ONE of the pleasantest situated tracts or lots of land, of 125 feet front, on the main street, in the middle of Germantown, containing between two and three acres of land, with a large two story stone messuage, of 40 feet long, a large stone kitchen, a good pump, a curious, well improved, large garden, a thriving orchard, of a great variety of apple, pear, plum, apricot, English walnut, and other curious fruit trees, with many other valuable improvements, and conveniences, on the same. The whole is very well adapted for a country seat, or a tavern (or a shop, as is there now kept) or any other public business. Sundry other lots, fit for grass land (now in corn) &c. will be sold the same day. The purchaser may (on giving security, and paying interest) have several years time to pay the greatest part of the purchase money, if desired. This early notice of said sale is given, on purpose that any person, living at a distance, willing to suit himself with a place, so well adapted to carry on any business to advantage, may also have timely notice. The said sale is to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon on the said day. Further information may be had, on said place, of the owner,

CHRISTIAN LEHMAN.

N. B. Said Christian Lehman hath also a great variety of curious fruit trees for sale, such as English Walnut, pear, plum, nectarines, apricot, &c. &c. &c.

|| 6 W.

A C O W,

STRAYED, about three Weeks ago, with the following natural Marks, viz. she is of the brindled Kind, and small in Size, her Belly, at least a very considerable Part of it, white, and one or both of her hind Feet also white. Whoever finds her, and will be so kind as to lodge Information with the Printers hereof, shall be well rewarded.

Philadelphia, April 17, 1769.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of DAVID JAMES ADOVE, late of this city, Schoolmaster, deceased, are desired to make speedy payment; and those that have any demands against the same, to bring in their accounts (duly proved) that they may be adjusted and paid, by

BENJAMIN CONDY, and PAUL ISAAC VOTO, Executors.

RUN away from the Subscriber, of this city, the 28th of March last, at night, an apprentice lad, named JOHN CLEMM, by trade an upholsterer, between 16 and 17 years of age, about 5 feet 3 inches high, fair complexion, round visaged, marked with the small-pox, brown hair, tied behind, naturally frizzled, curls at the sides, and has often a down look; he had on, when he went away, a brown bearskin jacket, with metal buttons, red lapelled jacket underneath, lined with white flannel, a check shirt, white drilling breeches, black stockings, and steel buckles in his shoes; he was seen at Germantown, and then at Kensington, partly near the Three-Stores, without a hat. Whoever secures the said apprentice, so that his master may have him again, shall receive Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

THOMAS LAWRENCE.

N. B. All masters of vessels, and others, are forbid to carry off, or harbour, said apprentice, or they may expect to be prosecuted as the law directs.

Copy of a Letter from Governor BERNARD to the Earl of HILLSBOROUGH, dated Boston, November 1, 1768. No. 5.

My LORD,
I NOW proceed to conclude my Narrative of my Endeavours to get Quarters for the King's Troops, until I found myself at the End of my String, and could do nothing more.
On Saturday, October 15, General Gage arrived here with his Officers, to look to the Quartering the Troops himself. On Monday I called a Council in the Morning, and introduced the General. He told them that he was resolved to quarter the two Regiments now here, in Town, and demanded Quarters; and that he should reserve the Barracks at the Castle for the Irish Regiments, or such Part of them as they would contain; which has since been determined to be only one Regiment. After the General had left the Board, I sat at it until Eight o'Clock at Night; two Hours after Dinner-time excepted. The Whole was a Scene of Perversion, to avoid their doing any Thing towards quartering the Troops, unworthy of such a Body. In the Course of the Questions I put to them, they denied that they knew of any Building belonging to the Province in the Town of Boston, that was proper to be fitted up for Barracks; and they denied that the Manufactory House was such a Building. This was so notoriously contrary to Truth, that some Gentlemen expressed their Concern that it should remain upon the Minutes; and to induce me to consent to its being expunged, a Motion was made in Writing, that the Governor be desired to order the Manufactory House to be cleared of its present Inhabitants, that it might be fitted up for the Reception of such Part of the two Irish Regiments, as could not be accommodated at the Castle Barracks. This was violently opposed, but was carried in the Affirmative 6 to 5: Upon this I ordered the former Answers to be expunged. This Resolution, amounting to an Assignment of the Castle Barracks for the Irish Regiments, effectually put an End to the Objection before made, that no Quarters were due in Town, until the Castle Barracks were filled.

The next Thing to be done was to clear the Manufactory House, the preventing of which was a great Object of the Sons of Liberty. For this Purpose about 6 or 7 Weeks before, when the Report of Troops coming here was first confirmed, all Kinds of People were thrust into this Building; and the Workhouse itself was opened, and the People confined there, were permitted to go into the Manufactory House. This was admitted to be true in Council by one of the Board, who is an Overseer of the Poor, and a Principal therein. And after the Order of Council was known, several of the Chiefs of the Faction went into the Manufactory House, advised the People there to keep Possession against the Governor's Order, and promised them Support. And when some of them signified their Intention to quit the House, they were told, that if they quit the House, they must quit the Town, for they would be killed, if they staid in it.

I had the Advice of the best Lawyers that, according to the Law and Usage of this Country, the Owners of an House occupied by Tenants at Sufferance, or wrongful Possessors, might enter by any Means they could, and turn them out of Possession, without bringing an Action. It was also certain that the Governor and Council, when the Assembly was not sitting, were perfect Owners of the Estates belonging to the Province, except for Alienation. Upon these two Principles I appointed the Sheriff, and two of his Deputies, Bailiffs of the Governor and Council, for the Purpose of removing the People out of the Manufactory House. The Sheriff was refused Admittance; upon which the Chief Justice went with him, and advised them to give up the House: He was answered, that they had the Opinion of the best Lawyer in the Province to keep Possession. Upon a third Attempt the Sheriff, finding a Window open, entered; upon which the People gathered about him, and shut him up; he then made a Signal to an Officer without, who brought a Party of Soldiers, who took Possession of the Yard of the Building, and relieved the Sheriff from his Confinement. This occasioned a great Mob to assemble with some of the Chiefs of the Faction; they were very abusive against the Soldiers, but no Mischief was done. They kept the House blockaded all that Day, and best Part of the next Day, when some of the Council declaring that it was not intended to use Force, although they knew it could not be done without, and the Building not being immediately wanted, the Soldiers were withdrawn on the Evening of the second Day. Thus this Building belonging to the Government, and assigned by the Governor and Council for his Majesty's Use, is kept filled with the Outcast of the Workhouse, and the Scum of the Town, to prevent its being used for the Accommodation of the King's Troops.

After this was over, there was nothing more to be done with the Council, until the Soldiers were billeted in the Public Houses, as far as they would go. This we knew would never be done; but it must be attempted; and the Council left this Business to me alone, without offering their Assistance, which in other Cases has been usual. Indeed I did not ask them, as I did not think the Business would be forwarded by my associating them. I therefore summoned all the acting Justices to meet me in the Council. Twelve of them appeared; I acquainted them that the General demanded Quarters for the two Regiments, according to the Act of Parliament. They desired to take it into Consideration among themselves. I consented, and we parted. Two Justices, two Days after this, attended me with an Answer in Writing, whereby the whole Body refused to billet the Soldiers. But these Gentlemen informing me, that the Justices had been much influenced by the Argument, that the Barracks at the Castle ought to have been first filled, &c. I shewed them the Minutes of the Council, whereby the Barracks at the Castle were assigned to the Irish Regiments, and they must be considered as full. This was quite new to them, the Council themselves having overlooked the Effect of their Vote. I gave them a Copy of this Vote, and returned the Answer, desiring them to reconsider it. Three Days after the same Gentlemen informed me that they had resolved against billeting the Soldiers, but could not agree upon the Reasons to be assigned for refusing it; but the next Day they gave me an Answer in Writing (a Copy of which is here inclosed) signed by Eight of the Justices; two others were against billeting, and gave other Reasons for their Refusal; two others were for billeting, but declined acting by themselves, after so large a Majority of the whole Body had declared for the contrary Opinion.

To shew the Futility of these Pretences, I must observe, that the Act directs the Billeting to be by Constables, Tything Men, Magistrates, and other Civil Officers, and in their Default or Absence, by any one Justice of the Peace. The usual Construction of this Act has been that Magistrates should grant the Billets, and Constables deliver them; and the latter being ministerial, cannot grant Billets, without a Magistrate or Justice ordering them. By Magistrates have been always understood the Magistrates of Corporations, and where a Town is not a Corporation, the Justices are the only Magistrates who are applied to in England, and they deliver the Billets to the Constables, who serve them upon the Public Houses. Now, in this Town of Boston, there are no Persons come under the Denominations but Justices and Constables. As to the Select Men, to whom the Justices are supposed to refer, they have been declared by themselves, by the Council, and by the Governor, to be neither Magistrates, nor Civil Officers; and they certainly are not, for they can neither grant nor execute a Warrant. This I explained fully to the Justices, before they gave their final Answer; but to no Purpose, they being determined to refuse at all Events. Thus we have an Act of Parliament which is become a great Favourite; for with the Comments it has received here, it is become in Fact an Act to prevent his Majesty's Troops being quartered in the Town of Boston.

Immediately after I held a Council, and informed the Board of the Refusal of the Justices to billet the Soldiers. I said that I was now at the End of my Tether; for as they had declared before, that they would adhere to the Act of Parliament, and had

refused to act in that liberal Way which I thought was their Duty, when the King's necessary Service was obstructed, I could propose nothing further to them. For I foresaw that if I proposed to hire and fit up Houses, &c. for the Troops, they would answer that it did not become their Business till the Public Houses were full. But if any Gentleman thought it was to any Purpose to put such a Question, I was ready to do it: This was declined by Silence. I then informed them, that by Reason of this general Refusal of Quarters, the General found himself obliged to hire and fit up Houses at the Expence of the Crown for the Reception of the Troops, who now (Oct. 26) especially they who were encamped, began to feel the Want of warm Quarters, and as he thought the Expence would ultimately fall upon the Province, he desired that I would appoint a Commissary to join with and assist his Officers in providing such Houses, especially with Regard to the Economy of the Expence. I therefore desired their Advice and Assistance in making such Appointment. This, after a long Debate, was refused, they saying, that if they should join in such Appointment, it would be admitting that the Province ought to be charged with the Expence; and I could appoint Auditors to examine the Accounts without them. I thereupon put an End to this Business, having been employed in it from Sept. 19th to Oct. 26th, in all 38 Days, without any Prospect of doing any Thing to purpose, but under an Obligation of trying every Effort, before I gave it up.

During this Time the General, who foresaw how this Negotiation would end, had employed his Officers to hire and fit up Houses for the Troops; so that by the Time I had received the definitive Refusal, complete Quarters were provided for all the Troops. But now another Difficulty arose; if the Soldiers should be put into Barracks, though provided by the Crown, without the Intervention of a Magistrate, the Military Officers who placed them there, would be chargeable with taking upon them to quarter Soldiers otherwise than by this Act, and being convicted of it by two Justices of Peace, would be cashiered ipso facto. This Clause was depended upon to oblige the Soldiers to quit the Town, after they had found it impracticable to get Quarters according to the Act of Parliament, and was Part of the original Plan which I mentioned to your Lordship very early. And it could not be expected that the Justices, who had refused to billet the Soldiers, would place them in other Quarters, for that would be to contradict themselves. I therefore took upon myself to remove that Difficulty, and by a Commission, wherein I recited his Majesty's Command to me to take every necessary Step for the Accommodation of the said Troops, and the several Means by which the Execution of the Act for providing Quarters for the Troops was defeated, and the Obligation I was thereby put under to provide Quarters for the Troops in the best Manner I could, I authorized a Person therein named, to place the said two Regiments in such Buildings and Houses as could be procured, at the Expence of the Crown, with the Consent of the Owners. Thus has ended the Business of quartering the two Regiments. As for Provisions for them at Boston, according to the Act of Parliament, I have already shewn how the Order of Council for that Purpose was annulled and avoided in the Origination of it. Provision has been made at Castle William, by an Order of Council being made that the Provincial Commissary should take Care of it. But they have refused to make such an Order for the Troops at Boston; and therefore it is not done, nor like to be done.

I am, with great Respect, my Lord, Your Lordship's most obedient, and most humble Servant,
The Right Honourable FRA. BERNARD.
The Earl of Hillsborough.
January 27, 1769. A true Copy, GEO. WHITE,
Clerk of the Papers to the House of Commons.

Copy of a Letter from Governor BERNARD to the Earl of HILLSBOROUGH, dated Boston, November 5, 1768. (Copy)

My LORD,
WHEN I received your Lordship's Letter No. 16. I immediately communicated it to the Lieutenant Governor; and we both agreed in Opinion, that it could not be advisable to lay before the Council any Part of it, except what related to the providing for the Troops, until the Troops were got into Quarters: As we foresaw that the Business of quartering the Troops would occasion a good deal of Trouble, and possibly some Commotion, and it would not be advisable to bring on too much Business at once; at least until the Town was a little settled. This Business of Quartering, your Lordship will observe, kept me employed till October 26th, on which Day I had summoned a General Council. On this Day I had 19 Counsellors, that is all but 3: I therefore chose this Time to communicate the other Parts of your Lordship's Letter, except what relates to the calling the Assembly, which I had reserved until I had received further Orders about it. I made this Communication by an Extract, which after it was read I left in the Secretary's Hands, that the Gentlemen might peruse it at their Leisure: I cautioned the Secretary against suffering a Copy to be taken, but did not refrain him from permitting it being read. I also gave another Copy of the same Extract to the first Commissioner of the Customs, engaging him to keep it in his own Hands, and not let a Copy be taken.

Immediately after I had an Occasion to move a Matter that would shew their Disposition to pay a proper Regard to his Majesty's Commands. The Commissioners had wrote to me, desiring that I would take the Advice of Council whether they might return to Town, and reassume their Functions, with Safety to themselves and Officers. I communicated this Letter to the Council, and put the Question to them. This was very embarrassing: If they answered Yea, they would be chargeable with advising the Return of the Commissioners: If they said No, they would contradict all their Assertions, that there was no Occasion for Troops to support the Civil Power. They therefore, for above two Hours together, used all kind of Evasions to avoid giving an Answer. I was told, that they were not obliged to give Opinions: I answered, that they were obliged to give Advice; and the Question was put, whether they would advise me to assure the Commissioners that they might return with Safety. At last I was obliged to tell them, that if they would not give me an Answer, I would take their Refusal for an Answer in the Negative: For if they could answer in the Affirmative, no Reason could be supposed why they should not give an Answer; and if they could not answer in the Affirmative, they must reconcile it with their public Declarations of the Loyalty and Peaceableness of the Town as well as they could. At length I got an Answer, 12 answering in the Affirmative, 5 declining answering, because they lived out of Town, and 2 giving written Answers, condemning the Commissioners for going out of the Town, and therefore refusing Advice about their Return, but concluding that all Persons would be safe. In this Council I sat from 11 to 9, two intermediate Hours excepted; and all the Business might have been very well done in an Hour or two by practicable Men.

Before this Council met, I had been informed that some of the Board had been preparing an Address to the General, to remove the Troops from hence, that at this Meeting they might get a great Number of Hands to it. When the Council broke up, I heard some of them making an Appointment to meet there the next Morning. I told them that I understood that they were going on with Business as a Council separately from me; but I cautioned them against proceeding. It was answered, that they should not act as a Council, but as private Gentlemen. I then desired that they would not give their Meetings the Appearance of a Council, by holding them in the Council Chamber. They met the next Day, and settled the Address, which was very much softened from the first Draught, which I am told was much more virulent against the Commissioners. It was signed by 15 of the Council, among whom were the 5 who knew not enough of the Town to vote for the Safety of the Commissioners returning, but knew enough to join in an Invektive against them; 4 refused to sign. It was then

presented to the General, who observed to them, that the Resolves of the Town-Meeting were a sufficient Cause for sending Troops here, though there had been no Riots: It was answered, that they were the Productions of a few imprudent wrong-headed Men. The General replied, that they were said to be unanimously resolved in a full Town-Meeting. The next Monday it appeared in all the public Papers, from whence I send your Lordship the inclosed Copy.

I shall make but few Observations on the Writing, the Intent of it being plain enough. 1. It is well known to your Lordship, that this kind of Writing is designed for the People, and not for the Persons to whom they are addressed. This is notorious in the present Case: The Gentlemen who moved this Business, knew very well that the General could not move the Troops from this Town, if he could have been disposed to do it; because they were sent hither by Order of his Majesty, and not placed here by the Discretion of the General. The General himself had told them so, and I had repeated it to them again and again, to induce them to assist the Quartering. As therefore they could not expect the Troops would be withdrawn, we must look for another Purpose of this Address; and it appears to be, as indeed it is the principal Subject of it, the Abuse of the Commissioners. 2. This was surely very ill timed: The very Day after they had been made acquainted with his Majesty's Command and Expectation, that the Commissioners should return to Boston, and resume their Function, and would return without Resistance, and with Safety, to publish a Manifesto against them, which, as it had nothing new in it, could only serve to revive the popular Prejudices against them, and thereby encourage Resistance, and make their Safety precarious, is unaccountable in Men of this Rank, and inconsistent with their public Professions of their Regard for the King's Service. 3. This is also very unreasonable, it being the Day after the Commissioners had signified their Apprehensions of Danger in returning to Boston, and desired the Advice of the Council concerning it, and the Council had given their Opinion, that they might return with Safety. For these Counsellors who had one Day encouraged their coming to Town, the very next Day to issue a Writing under their Hands, holding them forth to the People, "as Men whose Avarice having smothered in their Breasts every Sentiment of Humanity towards this Province, has impelled them to oppress it to the utmost of their Power," is utterly irreconcilable with my Ideas of Truth, Justice and Humanity, and shocks me the more, as I know that the Wives of two of the Commissioners, who have young Children, did not want to have their Fears increased by this Publication.

It would have been unaccountable how so many Persons of so respectable a Station, and many of them of a respectable Character, could join in signing such a Paper, if we did not consider, that in public and popular Proceedings the Leaders are few, and the Followers many; and that People called upon to sign Papers frequently act without Consideration, and sometimes against their Judgment. And the Virulence with which the Commissioners have been treated, seems to be too violent to be the Effect of public Zeal only, without the Interference of private Animosity, which at present I cannot take upon me to account for, I can only condemn and lament such Proceedings in a Body for which I have always had, and still retain, a great Regard.

I am, with great Respect, my Lord, your Lordship's most obedient, and most humble Servant,
The Right Honourable FRA. BERNARD.
The Earl of Hillsborough.

January 27, 1769. A true Copy, GEO. WHITE,
Clerk of the Papers to the House of Commons,
Copy of a Letter from Governor BERNARD to the Earl of HILLSBOROUGH, dated Boston, November 12, 1768. No. 9.

My LORD,
AFTER I had communicated your Lordship's Letter to the Council, I considered that some farther Notification of it would be necessary, in Regard to what related to the Preservation of the Peace, and the Protection of the Officers of the Revenue, especially as the Commissioners had fixed upon this Week for their Return to Boston. A Proclamation was not thought proper, as the Business was in a Manner confined to the Town of Boston. I therefore thought of a Letter from myself to the Justices of Boston, and accordingly drew one up, wherein I recited such Part of your Lordship's Letter as related to them, and their Business, and thereto added Injunctions and Admonitions of my own. I communicated this to the Council last Wednesday, proposing, if it had their Approbation, to call the Justices together, and deliver it to them by Word of Mouth, and then gave them Copies of it. But the no-Exceptions were taken to Particulars, the Whole was objected to strongly for this Reason; that if they were to consent to this Letter, they should appear to approve of the Censures your Lordship has passed upon the Town, which they would not admit it had deserved. I told them that I would not enter into an Argument, which might tend to impeach the Truth or Justice of your Lordship's Letter, but I observed that both of them were very defensible, being founded upon notorious Facts, which could not be denied or doubted.

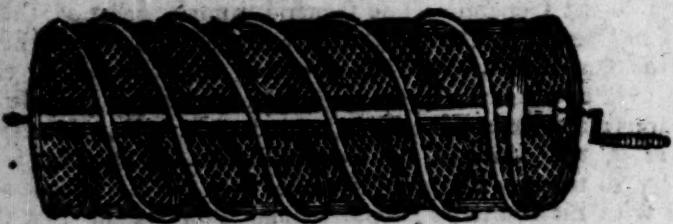
I then proposed another Method of informing the Justices; which was to call the Justices together, and after reading such Part of your Lordship's Letter, as related to their Business, to give them a general Admonition concerning their future Conduct. This was objected to, for that an Admonition implied a Censure. This I answered by shewing, that they did really deserve Censure, and by declaring that I would use them tenderly in that Respect. But I found that I should never prevail with the Council to act in this Business; that they would not advise to any Method of notifying, enjoining or enforcing the Orders contained in your Lordship's Letter; and that I could make nothing of them but passive Associates. I proposed therefore that they should meet in the Council the next Morning, and I would of my own Accord, and without their Advice, order the Justices to attend, and would admonish them as I had before proposed. This was at length assented to, tho' not without one Gentleman's protesting against it. Accordingly the next Day assembled the Justices, and, in the Presence of the Council, having caused an Extract of your Lordship's Letter to be read, I entered into a full Explanation of the Nature of their Office and their Duty therein; and avoiding, as much as I could, censuring them for their former Conduct, I shewed what would be expected of them for the future; and I concluded, that if they had a Mind to retrieve the Credit of the Town, it was not to be done by denying what was past, but by regulating what was to come. As soon as I had done, a Gentleman of the Council said aloud, he liked this very well; and the Justices seemed satisfied with this Proceeding; and several of them gave Assurances that they would do the best to preserve the good Order of the Town.

These two Conferences with the Council passed with good Humour, and in the Course of them, I had an Opportunity to observe upon and lament the Servility, in Regard to the People, with which the Business of Council was now done, in Comparison to what used to be. This was not denied; and one Gentleman said, that he did not now enter the Council-chamber with that free Mind he used to have: But he liked to be concerned in public Business, and did not chuse to quit his Place in the Council; and therefore must be content to hold it upon such Terms as he could. So fair a Confession deserves not to be passed unnoticed. But I should not trouble your Lordship with such trifling Anecdotes, if they did not seem to me to be the best Method to convey a true Idea of the present State of this Government, and to point out the chief Causes of its Decay, and I must myself resort to the Cause I am now treating of, to shew why I have not executed the King's Commands in as full a Manner as may be expected from me. But my Lord, the Council themselves have, for above four Months past, taken great Pains to shew from whence the Imbecility of this Government arises; and have brought more forcible Arguments, than any one else could have urged, to shew how necessary it is become that the King should have the Council-Chamber in his own Hands. How this can be done may be a Question, the Exigency of it is none. I am, with great Respect, my Lord, Your Lordship's most obedient, and most humble Servant,

The Right Honourable FRA. BERNARD.
The Earl of Hillsborough.
January 27, 1769. A true Copy, GEO. WHITE,
Clerk of the Papers to the House of Commons.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, about the 16th of November last, a servant man, named **JAMES DAVENPORT**, about 30 years of Age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, a dark complexion, hollow eyes, long black hair, tied behind; had on, when he went away, a good castor hat, a grey lapped coat, a blue waistcoat, buckskin breeches, old shoes, and pinchbeck buckles; also took with him, a claret coloured coat and waistcoat, and a red silk waistcoat; he says, he was born in London, and has been 12 years in the service, and got his discharge in Cork, in Ireland; he is a very good scholar, and has taught school two years and a half in Salford township, Chester county, and took with him a certificate, signed by several of his employers. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, in any goal, or brings him to the subscriber, living in the township aforesaid, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me **6W.** **JAMES BOYD.**



MADE and sold by the **SUBSCRIBER**, in Darby, six miles from Philadelphia, wire work of all sorts, particularly for flaxseed and wheat. And as he is the original inventor and infitutor of that branch of business in America (and has not instructed any other person in the mystery thereof) apprehends himself best entitled to the benefits of the same, and in all probability is the best master of the work, having made all the wire boulds used in the cities of Philadelphia and New-York; and likewise a considerable number of rolling screens for cleaning wheat, and has had long experience in the use of them; therefore any person applying by letter or otherwise, may be speedily supplied with wire work of any kind, which he will warrant; and by enquiring of **Hugh McCullough, John Hall, M'Neal and Tolbert, Wills and Jackson, William and Andrew Caldwell, Conyngham and Nesbitt, Samuel Carson, and John Brown**, of the city of Philadelphia; **Peter Cloper, Thompson and Alexander**, of New-York, all in the flaxseed way; and of **Robert Lewis, Samuel Shaw, William Clark, Samuel Morton, Adam Hoops, and John Brown**, all in the wheat way, may be informed of his abilities, and success therein.

JOHN SELLERS.

RUN away from his bail, in Uwchland township, Chester county, on the 7th of this inst. March, one **John Benson**, this country born, a blacksmith by trade, with short black hair, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, 24 years of age, has a scar above his right eye; had on, when he went away, a blanket coat, old felt hat, new buckskin breeches, new leather apron, much given to drink; it is likely he may change his clothes for money. Whoever takes up and secures the said **John Benson**, in any of his Majesty's goals, shall have Forty Shillings reward, if taken within this province; and if taken out of the province, FIVE POUNDS, with reasonable charges, paid by **WILLIAM MELCHIOR.**

RUN away, the 13th of this inst. March, from the subscriber, in Tredyffrin, Chester county, a servant man, named **PEARCE CHESSEY**, about 35 years old, or more; he is a very luffy healthy man, stoops much, is a weaver by trade, and very handy at the carpenter's trade, as he says; has a down look, and black complexion. He took with him one handkerchief, with diamond squares on one side, and blue and white on the other, and two pitching axes; also another handkerchief, with diamonds on both sides; one walnut coloured stocking, and one pale blue ditto, footed; a short blue mended coat, a jacket made of a blanket, and faced with linsley, leather breeches, and shoes, with thongs in them. He was bought out of Chester goal, where he was confined for stealing a watch; and sometime ago, he took away two pair of silver buckles, one pair 30 penny weight, the other 26. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, if in the province, shall have Forty Shillings; and if out of the province, Three Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, from **DAVID EVANS.**

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the 12th of this inst. March, from the Subscriber, living in Providence township, Philadelphia county, an Irish servant man, named **Thomas O'Shockany**, alias **Bryan**, upwards of 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, slender built, thin faced, a little pock-marked, black curled hair, cut short on the crown, has much of the brogue on his tongue, loves strong liquor, given to lying, and snuffing; had on, and took with him, a check shirt, one new, the other patched with new check; a blanket coat, yellowish camblet jacket, and one other without sleeves, a felt hat, with deep crown, and narrow brim, old leather breeches, new washed, grey milled stockings, a pair of old shoes, one made for strings, the other buckles; also a few shoemaker's tools, which he uses in the cobbling way; he has been several years in the country, and lately at York and Albany, also at Elk forge, in Cecil county, Maryland, and it is probable will make towards some of the above places.

Also run away from the Subscriber, on the 25th of September last, another indentured servant, named **John Johnston**, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, slender built, fair complexion, sandy hair, red beard, talks slow, and has a simple look; had on, and took with him, a half-worn claret coloured broadcloth coat, old green jacket, and check shirt; it is likely he has made towards the Jerseys, as his father **John Johnston**, and **Benjamin Johnston**, are living in Salem county.

Whoever takes up and secures the said servants, so that their master may have them again, shall receive the above reward, or Five Pounds for each, and if brought home reasonable charges, paid by me **JOSEPH RICHARDSON.**

RUN away from the Subscriber, living in West Marlborough township, Chester county, the 9th of this instant March, an apprentice man, named **John Daniel**, about 27 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, thin faced, and has dark coloured hair; had on, when he went away, a homespun shirt, dirty leather breeches, about half worn, black yarn hose, good shoes, with large carved pewter buckles in them, a blue twilled cloth coat, about half worn, a green jacket, ragged on the left side, old felt hat, with white loops, and a black silk handkerchief; says he is a Scotchman, and served his time with **John Lewis**, in Uwchland township, Chester county, and may perhaps have his old indentures with him; he also says he has been several trips out a privateering, under Captain M'Pherson. All masters of vessels are forbid taking him off at their peril. Whoever takes up and secures said apprentice, so that his master may have him again, shall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by **FRANCIS FISHER.**

To be SOLD, RENTED, or LETT ON SHARES,
ALL the lands and mills belonging to the subscriber, living in Uwchland township, Chester county, viz. the plantation he now lives on, of about 250 acres of land, 80 acres of meadow, and as much more may be made; one other adjoining the above of 200 acres, with about 10 acres of meadow; two good merchant mills on Brandywine, with two pair of stones in each; one other in Ridley township, and one on Crumb Creek, within two miles of Chester, with a landing, about half a mile from the mill. Any of the above premises may be entered on immediate y. **JOSEPH PHIPPS.**

Just imported in the last vessels from England, and to be sold remarkably cheap, for cash only, by

ALEXANDER BARTRAM,

Next door to the sign of the Indian King, in Market-street, **LARGE and neat Assortment of DRY GOODS,** suitable to the season. Likewise a large assortment of **CHINA**, amongst which are a complete table set, and several tea-table sets, table plates, tea pots, cream pots, sugar dishes, large and small cups and saucers, custard cups, mustard pots, bowls, from a gallon down to a half pint, and sauce boats; also a variety of plain and enamelled tortoiseshell, pine-apple, black and cream-coloured stone ware, and several sorts of glass ware, by the crate, or smaller quantity. Likewise a large quantity of chimney tiles.

To be SOLD, by the Subscribers,

TWO pieces of land, viz. sixty acres, lying in Mount-Holly; on which there is a good brick dwelling-house, a good frame kitchen, good orchard, stables and out-houses. And twenty acres of meadow ground, lying some distance from the other. The terms of sale may be known, by applying to **JOHN HATKINSON**, in Mount-Holly, or **JOHN CAIRNS**, living near Salem.

To be SOLD, or LETT for a term of years,
ACERTAIN piece or parcel of land, situate in the township of Lower Chichester, and not above one mile from Marcus Hook, lying on a very public road, containing 18 acres, with a good sawed log-house and shop thereon, as likewise a good frame smith's shop, and set of tools, may be had therewith; there is a good orchard on it, and a very good well at the door; it is suitable for any trade or public business, but might suit a blacksmith very well, as the subscriber follows the wheelwright's trade near it, and uses a quantity of iron-work yearly; to the amount of 50 or 60 pounds. Any one inclining to purchase, paying one half of the money down, may have any reasonable time for the other, from **ZACHARIAH DERRICK.**

TO BE SOLD,

TWENTY-SIX ACRES of good LAND, pleasantly situated, in Passunk township, within 3 miles of the city of Philadelphia, about one half is woodland, part of the estate of **Charles Brogren, Esq;** Enquire of **RICHARD WALN**, who has to lett, an elegant well-finished dwelling-house, in Fourth-street, near Market-street, now in the tenure of **Sarah Orme**, and may be entered upon the 6th day of May next.

To be SOLD or LETT, by the Subscriber,
ALOT and HOUSE, situate in Germantown, fronting the Street, near the Market-House, where **Moses Hall** formerly kept Tavern and Store; the House is 3 Stories high, and very suitable for any public Business, there being Stables and Out-houses sufficient. For further Information and Terms, enquire of **John Jones**, in Germantown, or the Subscriber, at Whitmarsh. **ABRAHAM GRIFFITH.**

Alloway's Creek Township, Salem County, March 3, 1769.
LEFFY in the custody of the Subscriber, some time in June last, a dark brown HORSE, about 12 or 13 hands high, 5 or 6 years old, without brand or ear-mark, with a star in his forehead, paces, trots and gallops, short bob tail, most of his mane hangs to the off side; the person that brought him calls himself **Thomas Powell**, and says he got him of a young man, an acquaintance of his, a ship carpenter, at a place called **The Trap**, in New-Castle county, and that he, **Powell**, was to leave the said horse at the young man's father's, in some part of the Jerseys; but since said **Powell** has absconded, and being apprehensive that the said horse might have been stolen, this is to inform the owner, if any, to come and prove his property, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold in six weeks from this date, to pay charges, by me **LEWIS OWEN.**

N. B. Said **Powell** brought, with said horse, a good saddle and bridle.

Just opened, and to be sold on the lowest terms, for CASH or short credit, by

RANDLE MITCHELL,

At his STORE in Water-street, near Walnut-street, **GENERAL** assortment of 3-grs, 7-8ths, and yard wide Irish linens, Wilton cloths, faggathies, hard-ware, checks, striped cottons, crapes, dorfatees, calimancoes, and yard wide stuffs. A parcel of the best German scythes and cutting knives, with an assortment of other GOODS.

Will COVER this SEASON, The BELLSIZE ARABIAN.

HE is a genuine Arab, of superior form, full size, great strength, and admirable beauty. This very elegant horse has already been largely described in the News-Papers, since which his stock has shewn, that all that has been said is unequal to his natural powers. He is a horse of great vigour, and the certainty of his being a sure foal-getter cannot be better proved than by the breeding state of the mares he has covered. There are now in and about this city such large, boney and beautiful calts got by him as the continent cannot equal, which shews that he is fitted for mixing his blood with our country mares, to breed for the saddle or carriage, or with high blooded mares for the turf. As he was originally sent over to improve the breed, to keep close to this intention, so that the public may receive the advantage, he will now cover under the care of **John Perkins**, at the **Rables** in Fifth-street, at Thirty Shillings a leap, or Three Pounds the season, and in either case Five Shillings to the groom. The said **PERKINS** has procured good and secure pastures for mares, at a moderate price per week.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT well accustomed tavern, called the King of Prussia, situate on the main street, in the middle of Germantown, together with two or three acres of land, or more, as it may best suit the purchaser, having also a barn, and good stabling, and all other necessary conveniences. The terms of payment shall be made easy to the purchaser. Further information is to be had on the premises, of the owner,

JACOB COLEMAN.

N. B. Said **Jacob Coleman** keeps also a Hemp mill, where all persons can get their Hemp dressed in the best manner, at reasonable rates.

New-castle, March 27, 1769.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the owners of the cripple, and low ground, situate on Morris's Braach, in Appoquiminy hundred, and county of New-Castle, that they attend the honorable house of Assembly, at New-Castle, on the second day of June next, to make their objections (if any they have) to the prayer of sundry of the owners of part of said cripple and low ground, to the said house of Assembly, in October last, for an act of Assembly, for keeping in repair the bank already made, and sluices, for the benefit of said owners, &c.

By order.

To be LETT for a Term of Years,
ASMALL tenement, situate in East Whiteland township, Chester county, joining on the great road leading from Lancaster to Philadelphia; the house has two rooms on a floor, two fire places, cellar and shop, a large kitchen garden, and fire wood convenient, and other privileges, if required. It has for many years past been in the tenor of a weaver, shoemaker, fadler, and store-keeper. It is well situated for such like business. For terms, enquire of the owner, living adjacent, **RICHARD RICHISON.**

Just imported in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falcner, from London, and to be sold, on the cheapest terms, by

DANIEL and JOHN BENEZET,
And THOMAS BARTOW,

At their store, the corner of Arch and Second streets, **COMPLETE** and large Assortment of Spring and Summer GOODS; among which are the following articles, viz. A great choice of calicoes and chintzes, India and ell wide perians, China taffeties, lutefrings, paduasoyes, damasks, chargeable and plain mantuas, sattins, pelongs, English periams and sarjnets, dair grazetts, silk, festerfey, cotton and lungee romals, bordered and spotted bandannoes, silk mitts, plain, figured, and striped ribbons, long, pistol and Swiss lawns, rattinets, cotton and wool cards, nankeens, bum-bums, cambricks and lawns; with a very great variety of other articles.

Willistown, Chester county, April 6, 1769.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, from the Subscriber, on the 5th of this instant, at night, an Irish servant man, named **Edmund Denney**, by trade a weaver, a well set fellow, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, of a pale complexion, a large bushy head of hair, and had a bruise on his left cheek: Had on, when he went away, a new cloth jacket, of a lightish colour, with metal buttons, a check shirt, carved flag plush breeches, a pair of grey yarn stockings, half worn, old shoes, tied with leather strings, a beaver hat, half worn, and a silk handkerchief. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by **GEORGE SMEDLEY.**

WHEREAS I have been informed, that a certain **CROMWELL M'WHITEY**, lives somewhere about Brandywine, who is a Brother of **Edward M'Whitey**, deceased; therefore I, who was the Widow of the said **Edward M'Whitey**, am very desirous of seeing the said **Cromwell**, if I knew where to find him; or if he chuses to enquire for me, living at East-town, I may there be found by the Name of my second Husband **Conrad Rowan.** **ELIZABETH ROWAN. †**

RUN away from Berkshire Furnace, in Berks county, on the 27th of March last, a Negroe man, named **Dublin**, 26 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, is a remarkable strong chunky fellow, speaks but indifferent English; had on, and took with him, a leather cap, felt hat, ozenbrigs and check shirts, spotted under jacket, a blue coarse ditto, blanket coat, two pair of Germantown made stockings, and old shoes. Whoever takes up said Negroe, and brings him to the works aforesaid, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable expenses, or if secured in any goal, so that he may be had again, shall have THIRTY SHILLINGS, paid by **JOHN PATTON.**

N. B. All masters of vessels, and others, are forbid to carry him off, or harbour him. **Tbctf.**

To be SOLD, or LETT, for a Term of Years,

AHOUSE and plantation, containing 40 acres of land, situate in Warwick township, Bucks county, 20 miles from Philadelphia, bounded on the Old-York road, and the Bristol road; the house is suitable for a tavern or store-keeping, there being a store kept there at this time; there is on the premises a good stone house and kitchen, store-house, a large shed, and other conveniences for carrying on the said business; a good garden and orchard, and about 7 acres of meadow. Any person inclining to purchase or rent the said premises, may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living in Abington township, Philadelphia county, **THOMAS COOPER, Tavern-keeper.**

N. B. Any person purchasing or renting the above premises, may have possession the first day of may next. **†**

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS **AARON OAKFORD**, living in Darby, 7 miles from Philadelphia, has erected a complete FULLING MILL, with two stocks, &c. and has all the works in good order for carrying on the fulling and blue dyeing business, in their various branches, in an extensive manner. All those that please to favour him with their custom, may depend on being served with care and dispatch, and on the lowest terms.

N. B. Cloths, stuffs, &c. are received by **John West**, at the Old Ferry-house, by **Aaron Mufgrove**, and **James M'Laughlin**, merchants, near the Drawbridge; at which places attendance will be given once a week. **§ 3 M.**

TO BE SOLD,

AVERY valuable plantation and tract of land, in Cumberland county, in the province of Pennsylvania, situate, lying and being on the north side of Canidogwainet-creek, in said county, about 6 miles from Harris's ferry, near the great road leading to Carlisle, containing 44½ acres, and the usual allowance for roads; it is as good land as any in the province, about 60 acres thereof is clear, the rest abounds with locust, poplar, walnut, hickory and oak timber; a large quantity of meadow may easily be made; it is in a very thick settled neighbourhood, and very convenient to meeting-houses and mills.

Also one other tract of very good land in the said county, situate, lying, and being in Peter's township, containing 700 acres, more or less, adjoining to Fort Loudoun, being on both sides of the road leading to Fort Pitt, and was late the property of **Thomas Fleming**, 150 acres of very good meadow may easily be made, part of the land is already cleared, and has tolerable good improvements. The terms of sale will be made easy. Any person inclining to purchase either, or both the tracts, are requested to apply to the Subscribers, who are empowered to dispose of the same. **MATTHIAS SLOUGH, ROBERT MACAW.**

Lancaster, February 6, 1769.

IRON CASTINGS,

OF all dimensions and sizes, such as kettles or boilers for pot-ash works, soap boilers pans, pots, from a barrel to 300 gallons, ship cabooses, kachels and sugar-house stoves, with cast funnels of any height for refining sugars, weights of all sizes, grate-bars, and other castings for sugar-works in the West-Indies, &c. are all carefully done by **HENRY WILLIAM STIEGEL**, iron-master, at Elizabeth Furnace, in Lancaster county, on the most reasonable terms. Orders and applications made to **MICHAEL HILLEGAS**, in Second-street, Philadelphia, will be carefully forwarded. Many of the public being already well acquainted with the excellency of the iron of Elizabeth Furnace for such purposes, renders it needless here to say any thing in its commendation. The said **Stiegel** begs leave further to inform the public, that his Glass Manufactory, in Mannheim town, in the county aforesaid, is again at work, where are made all sorts of bottles, window glass, and sheet glass; also retorts and other glassies for doctors and thymists. Orders, with proper directions, made to the said **Michael Hillegas**, will likewise be forwarded by him to the said Manufactory with dispatch.

WE, the Subscribers, Auditors appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, for the County of Chester, to audit, settle, and adjust, the Estate of **James M'Can**, late of Chester County, Shopkeeper, do hereby give Notice to all the Creditors of the said **James M'Can**, to attend at the Dwelling-House of **John Jarvis**, Tavern-keeper, in Newtown, on the 6th day of May next, and lay their several Demands and Accounts, properly attested, before the said Auditors, that Distribution may be made, according to Law. **CHARLES HUMPHREYS, JESSIE MARIS, ELISHA JONES.**

TO BE SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

THAT high pleasant situated lot of land, on the left hand side going into Germantown from Philadelphia, containing 20 acres, it fronts 40 perches on the main street, whereon is a very good orchard of the best of fruit trees, such as apple, pear, peach, plum, cherry, &c. and also about 3 acres of the best of watered meadow, that never wants manure, and about 3 acres of wood land, with good quarries of building stone. Also the place the Subscriber lives at, containing about 23 acres, with a good two story stone house and kitchen, and a complete tan-yard of 28 vats, besides hand-limes, water-ponds, bates, &c. which are all watered by a stream running through the tan-yard, with all necessary buildings, as currying shop, cellars, mill-house, and beam-house; and also a distil-house, that is supplied with water by a fountain that keeps constantly playing into the cooling tubs, or any other part; there is also a good barn, and stables, and about 7 acres of very good watered meadow, that never wants manure, and will turn out as much hay, per acre, as any in the neighbourhood; there is also on this lot, the most valuable collection of fruit trees of any in the neighbourhood, which are near all come to bearing, such as apple, pear, plum, peach, apricot, English walnut, and sundry other sorts; there are so many different sorts, that from the time they first ripen, they may constantly carry to market until winter. Likewise a lot of meadow ground, containing ten acres and one quarter of very good mowable meadow, fronting on a road leading from Frankford to the Falls of Schuylkill. Also a piece of wood land, containing about 13 acres, as well wooded as any in the neighbourhood, adjoining to the aforesaid meadow ground, and about half a mile from the first described lots.

Any person inclining to purchase any of the above lots, may view the premises, and know the terms of sale, by applying to **JACOB NAGLEE**, near Germantown.

N. B. Some years time will be given for a great part of the purchase money, giving security, and paying interest.

Imported in the last Vessels from London, Liverpool and Bristol, A very neat Assortment of **MERCHANDIZE**, To be disposed of on reasonable **TERMS**, by **WALTER and BERTLES SHEE**.

DRIFT, some time ago, between Chester and Darby, a pair of **SADDLE-BAGS**, in which were a shirt, stock and buckle, two pair of stockings, one cravat, one pair of pumps, &c. &c. Whoever has found said **BAGS**, and will fetch them to the Death of the Fox, in Chestnut-street, Philadelphia, the Ship in Darby, or to Mrs. Witbey's, in Chester, shall have Ten Shillings reward.

Just imported on board the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, and are now opening, by **PHILIP WILSON**, At his **STORE** in Front-street, near Chestnut-street corner, An Assortment of Linen-draperies, Hosiery and Birmingham and Sheffield Cutlery and Toy-ware, &c.

Said **WILSON** also expects on board the next Vessels from London, Liverpool and Dublin, a very general Assortment of **GOODS**, suitable to the Season, all which he will sell on the lowest **TERMS**, for **CASH**, or on a short **CREDIT**.

Just imported in the Unity, Captain STORY, from London, and to be sold on reasonable terms, for cash, or short credit, by **STEPHEN COLLINS**, At his store, in Second-street, nearly opposite the English Church.

A NEAT and large assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable to the season.

STRAYED away from **JOHN CORREY**, of Philadelphia, 22d of March, a bay **MARE**, 4 years old, near 15 hands high, a natural trotter, her hind feet white, and a small star in her forehead, shod before, neither brand nor ear-mark that is known. Whoever takes up the said mare, and secures her, so as the owner may have her again, shall have **FIFTEEN SHILLINGS**, and reasonable charges, paid by the subscriber, **JOHN CORREY**.

Just imported in the Buchanan, Captain Cochran, from Glasgow, and the Unity, Captain STORY, from London, and to be sold on moderate terms, by **SEMPLE and BUCHANAN**, At their store in Front-street (the store William Semple occupied) opposite Mr. John Reynell's.

An assortment of **MERCHANDIZE**, chiefly consisting of a variety of silk gauzes, of almost all widths and patterns; ditto of Kenting lawns and handkerchiefs; thread stockings; Scotch threads from No. 5 to No. 60; ozenbrigs, faggathies, durans, shalons, broadcloths, Russia drabs, Russia sheeting, quadruple filellas, calicoes, cottons, chintz, thicksets, checks, &c.

At same store may be had a variety of other **GOODS**, suitable to this and other seasons; among which are iron weights, rice, Books, &c. &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD, **A** LIKELY NEGROE WENCH, about 20 Years of Age, with a Child 17 Months old; she is very handy at, and much accustomed to Country Work, and is advertised for Sale for no Fault, but the Want of Employ. For Terms of Sale, enquire of the Printers hereof. Tbc.

THE partnership of **JOHN WHARTON** and **JONATHAN HANSON**, Mast-makers, having expired the 20th of February last, those that have any accounts against said partnership, are desired to bring them in; and those indebted, to make payment to said Wharton, who is empowered to receive the same.

N. B. **JOHN WHARTON** carries on the Mast-making business, as usual. **JOHN W.**

To be LETT, for a term of YEARS, **A** COMMODIOUS merchant mill, and forge, situate on Chester creek, about 5 miles from navigable water; said mill hath two water wheels, and plenty of water in the driest seasons; said forge hath three fires, and plenty of water; there is also a great quantity of wood ready cut, and a quantity of coals in the coal-house, a good stone dwelling-house, and several houses fit for foremen, also stables, smith's shop and tools, and other utensils for carrying on the forge business. Likewise to be sold, a valuable plantation, in the township of Fallonsfield, Chester county, situate on the great road leading from Lancaster road to Ellis Pusey's mill; said plantation contains about 270 acres, 90 thereof cleared, the rest well timbered, 8 acres of meadow, and 40 more may be made, and well watered; there is also a dwelling-house and orchard on the same. Also to be sold, a commodious brick house, and store-houses, in the borough of Chester. Whoever inclines to deal for any of the above described premises, may be further informed, by applying to the subscriber, living in Middletown, Chester county.

WILLIAM PENNELL.

BOUTLING CLOTHS. A large and general ASSORTMENT of fine, superfine, middling and coarse, to be sold by **ELLIS LEWIS**, At his house in Second-street, near Spruce-street, opposite Archibald McCall's; where millers may be supplied with the best of cloths, and on the lowest terms.

HE has had great experience in the miller's business; therefore will give the necessary directions, in recommending the most suitable cloths to the various parts of the boutling of flour, &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY NEGROE WENCH, about 16 Years of Age, who has been used to Country Work. Enquire of **MARY ASHTON**, in Lower Dublin Township, and County of Philadelphia.

TO BE SOLD,

A N English Servant LAD's Time, who has six Years to serve, fit for Town or Country Business. Enquire of **BENJAMIN RAWLE**, next Door to the Old Ferry House, in Water-street.

BEST Indian river **SHINGLES**, by the quantity, to be sold by the Subscriber, in Second-street, near Walnut-street; who has to let, a small place, two miles from the city of Philadelphia, and a three story brick house, in Front-street, near John Hart's vendue store, from which is a pleasant view of the river, and an extensive prospect of the commons. For further particulars, apply to **JOHN MIFFLIN**.

Philadelphia, March 14, 1769. **W**AS left in Martin Cryder's Yard, a black **STALION**, about 13 Hands high. Whoever has lost such a one, is desired to come, prove their Property, pay Charges, and take him away, within five Weeks from the Date hereof, or he will be sold for the Cost by the Subscriber, living at the Sign of the Swan, in Philadelphia, **MARTIN CRYDER**.

SCHHEME, in Two CLASSES, of a **LOTTERY**, for raising the Sum of One Thousand Six Hundred and Eighty-seven Pounds, Ten Shillings, to be applied to the Payment of the Arrears of Debt due for the erecting and finishing the German Reformed Church, and the German Lutheran Church in York Town; and for the Payment of the Arrears of Debt due for erecting and finishing the German Lutheran Churches at Heidelberg and Lebanon, both of Lancaster County.

CLASS the FIRST.			
Prize of	is	£	
1	200	£	200
2	100		200
4	50		200
8	25		200
20	10		200
40	5		200
1150	2		2300

1225 Prizes,		£	3500
3275 Blanks.			1000

4500 Tickets, at 20 s. each, are		£	4500

CLASS the SECOND.			
Prize of	is	£	
1	700	£	700
1	500		500
3	200		600
5	100		500
10	50		500
30	25		750
51	10		510
1230	3		3690

1331 Prizes,		£	7750
3169 Blanks.			

4500 Tickets, at 30 s. each, are		£	6750
Brought from the First Class,			
			1000

		£	7750

The Legislature of this Province having favoured the Application for the above Lottery, and passed a Law for the carrying on the same, for the good Purposes thereby intended. By the same Law appointed Philip Marsteller, Christopher Wegman, John Weiser, Simon Coppenhever, George Swengel, Henry William Stiegel, of Lancaster County, Godfrey Rehner, and Christopher Witman, of Berks County, Martin Eichelberger, George Keente, John Hays, Jacob Dowdel, Joseph Wellhantz, John Gukes, and John Schultz, of York County, Managers. It is hoped that the Public will, as far as in their Power, kindly encourage and assist in forwarding the same, seeing the Necessity arose from pious and religious Motives, in erecting Houses for public Worship. And the Adventurers have the utmost Security by Law, for the faithful Discharge of the Trust committed to the Managers, and the Scheme equal, if not superior to any yet published in this Province. The Adventurers in the First Class are to have the particular Privilege to renew their Tickets in the Second Class, within 3 Months after drawing the First; but if they neglect renewing them in Time, the Managers may sell them to any Persons who may apply; and if any Person, drawing a Prize, neglects to apply for the same within 9 Months after the Drawing of each Class, the same will be applied according to Law. The Prizes will be subject to a Deduction of 15 per Cent.

The Drawing of the First Class will be on the 14th of June next, at the Borough of Lancaster, or sooner, if sooner full; when and where each of the Adventurers that please may attend, and the Prizes will be immediately published in the Pennsylvania Gazette, and Chronicle, and paid by the Manager who signs the Ticket.

Tickets may be had of the several Managers abovementioned; also of Mr. Henry Keppeler, junior, Mr. Jacob Barge, Mr. William Goddard, and Messieurs Hall and Sellers, in Philadelphia; of Adam Simon Kuhn, Esq; Matthias Slough, Esq; Mr. William Boufman, and Mr. Christopher Crawford, in Lancaster Borough; of Mrs. Eagy, in Manheim; of Mr. George Fry, in Middletown; of Mr. Frederick Hummel, in Hummel's Town; of Mr. Charles Shade, in Williamsburg; of Mr. Alexander Sheffer, and Mr. Philip Erp, in Heidelberg Town; of Mr. Jacob Seltzer, in Womelieders Town; of Mr. Isaac Myer, Mr. Nicholas Houfecker, and Mr. Benjamin Spycker, in Tulpehokin; of Henry Miller, near Ephrata; of Mr. John Schultz, at Conestogoe; of Mr. Daniel Levan, in Maxatawny; of Ludwick Klotz, Esq; and Mr. Benjamin Weiser, in Northampton County; of Mr. John Spitzer, and Mr. Renicker, in Macollister's Town; of Mr. Nicholas Biddinger, in Abbot's Town; and of Mr. Philip Fithbourn, in Tawney Town. By Order of the Managers, **HENRY WILLIAM STIEGEL.**

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, situate in Whitpain township, Philadelphia county, bounded on Skipack road, 3 miles above Samuel Morris's mills, and 15 from Philadelphia, containing 200 acres of land, 120 cleared, the rest woodland; the plough land is good for winter or spring grain, some of the ground being fresh, and some well limed, it being but two miles from the hills, good watered meadow, and more may be watered, with a stream of water running through the place, large enough for a fulling-mill. There are upwards of 200 loads of dung now at the barn, which has been reserved for the meadows; also some rich bottom, that produces a great quantity of grass; there is hay, yearly, to maintain ten cows, and four horses, a good bearing orchard, a large two story stone house, 4 rooms on a floor, and a good cellar, a pump of good water at the door, a large new barn, 57 by 25 feet, one half stone, a good spring, and a new stone house over it, near the door, and fences in good repair; it is a healthy and pleasant situation; the title indisputable, and will be sold on reasonable terms, either together, or 140 acres, with the building and meadows, or as would best suit the purchaser. For terms of sale, apply on the premises, to **CALEB BYRNES.**

JUNIPER,

IS now in excellent order, and will cover **MARES** at Twelve Dollars a mare the season, or Six Dollars a single leap, and Five Shillings to the groom. He is a fine bay horse, of size, strength and beauty, very healthy, and free from any blemish whatsoever, was got by Babram, son of Lord Godolphin's Arabian, his dam, which won the four years old plate at Burford, from the famous Gustavus, and 7 others, at 4 heats, by Stamford Turk; his grandam by a son of Fox, which was own brother to the famous gelding, called Conqueror; his great grandam by the Flying Childers; his great, great grandam, which was also the dam of the noted horses Old Crab, Black Legs, Snip, &c. by Baffo; his great, great, great grandam, which was also the dam of Old Partner, and own sister to Minburey, by the Curwin bay barb; his great, great, great, great grandam, by the Curwin Spör; his great, great, great, great grandam, by the white legged Lowther barb; his great, great, great, great, great grandam, was the famous Vintner mare. **JUNIPER**, after winning 15 plates in different parts of England, from the best horses in the kingdom, started for the Jockey Club plate, on the 1st of May, 1760, and won it, beating Mr. Pantons's famous horse Feather, and Lord Rockingham's Remus, since came to Virginia to Col. Syme, who sold him for 1000l. Virginia currency.

Likewise, to cover at the same place, the fine horse, called **WHITE NOSE**, bred in New-England, at Four Dollars a mare the season, or Two Dollars a single leap, and Two Shillings and Sixpence to the groom; he is a horse of 15 hands high, and upwards, and more likely to get good saddle horses than any other horse in the province. The money, for both horses, to be paid before the mares are taken out of the stable.

N. B. Those mares that did not prove with foal by Juniper, the last season, may have this season for Six Dollars.

Tbc. 4 M. **JACOB HILTZEIMER.**

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, living in Bristol Township, Bucks County, **A** VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, situate in the said township, within one mile of Bristol wharf, containing 207 acres, 65 of which is cleared, 9 thereof good meadow, and 20 acres more may be made; the upland remarkably good for wheat; the remainder chiefly woodland, with some valuable timber thereon. And if the same should not be sold at private sale before the 30th day of this inst. March, on that day it will be sold by public vendue, at my house in Bristol township aforesaid, adjoining the premises. At the same time will be sold, horses, cows, swine, waggons, carts, plows, harrows, and gears, cases of drawers, and sundry other articles of household furniture, too tedious to mention. The terms of the vendue will be made known at the time of sale; before which time, any person may be shewn the premises, by applying to **DANIEL THOMPSON.**

To be SOLD, **A** Handsome well finished **BRICK HOUSE**, two stories high, four rooms below stairs, and four chambers, besides garrets; the rooms above and below stairs are genteelly papered; a large dry cellar under the whole house, properly divided; a convenient kitchen adjoining, with chambers above for servants, situate in King-street in Trenton. The lot contains about three quarters of an acre, and extends through to Queen-street, on which are placed the stables. Also several five acre **LOTS** of meadow, orchard, and pasture lands, each good of their kind, near and convenient to the town. Likewise a good house, and new large framed barn, with 17 acres of excellent land, 8 acres of which is garden, meadow, and an orchard of the best grafted fruit; the remaining 9 acres good wood land, in Trenton also. The situation renders it very convenient for a shop-keeper, tradesman, &c.

To be sold also, that very valuable and pleasantly situated farm and ferry, late Mr. Richard Stevens's Homestead Farm, situated in Tenuicum township, Bucks county, now in possession of Captain Tinbrooke, containing 416 acres, capable of making two very complete farms. The purchaser may have any of the above described lands, &c. on very moderate terms, and reasonable credit given. Good bonds on interest will be taken in payment, **WILLIAM PIDGEON.**

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY likely NEGROE WENCH, about 40 years of age (for no fault, only does not chuse to live out of town) she is a good cook, an excellent washer, can iron plain clothes, spin, and understands all sorts of house-work well; she has had the small-pox and measles, and is duty free. For further information, enquire of the printers hereof.

SAMUEL SANSOM, junior, Has just imported in the ship **UNITY**, Captain **STORY**, **A** NEAT ASSORTMENT of **MERCHANDIZE**, which he will sell on reasonable Terms, at his Store in Front-street, three Doors above the City Vendue-House.

GEORGE SCHLOSSER, In Second-street, between Race and Vine-streets, wants **A** LARGE Quantity of Oak Bark; he pays ready Cash and Market Price for it. He has Soal Leather of the best Kind, which he will sell at a reasonable price.

WANTED to HIRE, **A** GOOD COOK, and a Servant Man or Lad, either white or black, who can wait in a Gentleman's Family, and take Care of a Horse. Such Persons, being well recommended, may hear of a Place, by applying to the Printers.

FIVE POUNDS Reward. **S**TRAYED or stolen, from Mr. James Shaw's, in Derry township, Lancaster county, in the night of the 10th inst. an iron grey **HORSE**, 3 years old last fall, is about 14 hands high, has a star in his forehead, his mane pretty long and thin, hangs to the right side, has a short switch tail, and when but a little warm, is used to move it speedily as horses generally do when oppressed, is branded S, on the near shoulder, is round shod, and trots easy. Whoever brings said horse to the Subscriber, in Mountjoy township, county aforesaid, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges; and for securing the thief, if stolen, so that he may be brought to justice. Four Pounds, paid by **JAMES CUNNINGHAM.**

ABRAHAM USHER, Has moved to the store, which Messieurs **JOHN** and **LAMBERT CADWALLADER** lately left, in Front-street, the fifth door above Walnut-street, and is now opening, **A** NEAT ASSORTMENT of **GOODS**, suitable to the season, imported per the Captains **STORY** and **FALCONER**, from London, which he will sell on the lowest terms for **CASH** or short **CREDIT**.

TO BE SOLD,

A TWO story house, in Chestnut-street, a few doors from the corner of Front-street, formerly a noted beer-house, being 18 feet front, and 20 feet deep, with an excellent vault. Also a two story brick house, situate in Front-street, a few doors from Almond-street, being 18 feet front, and the lot on which it stands, 70 feet deep; both houses are clear of groundrent. The titles indisputable. The purchaser may have credit for part of the purchase money until November next, without interest, giving security. For terms, apply to **MARY MJD-DOCH**, of **SAMUEL MURDOCH.**

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on Monday, the 14th of May, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of William Dotterer, in Limerick Township, a certain Plantation, or Tract of Land, situate in Limerick Township aforesaid, containing about 161 Acres; bounded by Land of the London Company, John Kendall, Nicholas Pannebecker, and others; with all the Buildings and Improvements thereon; also a certain other Tract of Land, adjoining the aforesaid Tract, containing 90 Acres, and 100 Perches, chiefly Woodland; bounded by Lands of Oliver Pannebecker, Thomas Reece, John Bull, and George Good; late the Estate of Thomas Evans; seized and taken in Execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on Tuesday, the 16th of May, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Thomas Dewees, at Pottsgrove, a certain frame Messuage, and Lot of Ground, situate in the Town commonly called Pottsgrove, being a Corner Lot, fronting High-street and York-street, containing in Breadth 60 Feet, and in Depth 300 Feet; late the Estate of John Hawn; seized and taken in Execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

N. B. At the same Time will also be sold a Parcel of HOUSEHOLD GOODS, &c.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on Tuesday, the 16th of May, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Thomas Dewees, at Pottsgrove, a certain Tract or Parcel of Land, situate in Gros Town, Douglass Township, containing about 15 Acres; bounded by Lands of Frederick Wambach, and others, and the Manatawny Road, having a Log Tenement, Barn and Stables, erected thereon; late the Estate of Baltus Cleaver; seized and taken in Execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on Thursday, the 18th of May, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, on the Premises, a certain Messuage, and 3 contiguous Tracts of Land, situate in the Township of Whitemarsh; one of them containing about 52 Acres, adjoining Lands late of Edward Farmer, and Simons; one other of the said Tracts, containing about 24 Acres and a Half, adjoining Lands of William Barge, and Peter Robeson; and the other of the said Tracts, containing about 35 Acres, and 70 Perches, adjoining the aforesaid Tract, and Land of William Dewees, Esq; and also one full equal and undivided Moiety or Half Part of two contiguous Lots of Ground, at a Place called Barren-Hill, in Whitemarsh aforesaid, containing about 6 Acres, 3 Quarters, and 30 Perches, adjoining Lands of Adam Keller, and Jacob Coleman; likewise sundry Household Goods, Husbandry Utensils, and Stock; late the Estate of George Good; seized and taken in Execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on the 19th of May, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-House, a certain Lot, or Piece of Ground, situate on the West Side of Second-street continued, in the Northern Liberties, containing in Breadth 20 Feet, and in Depth 230 Feet, having a two Story Brick Messuage, and Frame Barn, and Stables, erected thereon, bounded Eastward by Second-street aforesaid, Southward by a Lot of William Coates, Westward by a 40 Feet Alley, and Northward by Ground of Bowyer Brooke, subject to a Ground-rent of 41. Pennsylvania Currency per Annum; late the Estate of John Jacob; seized and taken in Execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

N. B. The Purchaser may have Credit for 1401. of the Purchase Money, giving Security, and paying Interest for the same.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on Saturday, the 20th of May, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-House, a certain Lot or Piece of Ground, situate on the South Side of Walnut-street, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Breadth 24 Feet 6 Inches, or thereabouts, and in Length or Depth 220 Feet, with the Buildings and Appurtenances; bounded Southward by Edward Shippen's Ground, and Westward by Ground late of George Bullock deceased; late the Estate of John Hitchcock and Wife, seized and taken in Execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Saturday, the 13th Day of May next, at Two o'Clock, on the Premises, will be sold by Vendue, a certain Messuage, or Tenement, known by the Name of the Blue Ball Tavern, a licensed House, upwards of 20 Years past, where Thomas Howell, in his Life-time dwelt, with a good Orchard, Barn, and 32 Acres, and 120 Perches of good Land, thereunto belonging; bounded by the King's Road, and another Road leading to Marcus Hook. Also one other Piece of Land, lying near the aforesaid Land, containing 17 Acres, and 55 square Perches. Likewise one other Piece of Land, lying near the aforesaid Place, containing about 37 Acres, bounded by Lands of Archibald Dick, the King's Road, and other Land of James Stroud; late the Estate of James Stroud, deceased; seized in Execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, on Tuesday, the 16th Day of May next, at 3 o'Clock, on the Premises, will be sold by Vendue, a certain Messuage, or Tenement, Plantation and Tract or Parcel of Land, thereunto belonging, situate in East-Town Township, in Chester County, containing 190 Acres, more or less; bounded by Land, late of Benjamin Ellis, Thomas Henderson, Thomas Harrison, Mark Morris, and others; the Land is good, a large Quantity of good Meadow, and is capable of good Improvements; late the Estate of Isaac Minshall and Wife; seized in Execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Thursday, the 18th Day of May next, at 4 o'Clock, on the Premises, will be sold by Vendue, a certain Messuage and Plantation, and Tract or Parcel of Land, thereunto belonging, containing 187 Acres, be it more or less, situate in the Township of New-London, in the County of Chester; bounded by Lands of Thomas McKean, James Reed, Nicholas Purtle, and the Widow Fury; the Land is good for Wheat; there is a good Brick House, and other Buildings thereon, and orcharding, and some Meadow, &c. late the Estate of George McDowell; seized in Execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on Thursday, the 18th Day of May next, at 12 o'Clock, on the Premises, will be sold by Vendue, a certain Messuage or Tenement, and Piece or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing 10 Acres, situate in the Township of New-London, in the County of Chester; bounded by Lands of the Widow Gaddis, James Crawford, and others; late the Estate of Francis Forster; seized in Execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on Friday, the 19th Day of May next, at 3 o'Clock, on the Premises, will be sold by Vendue, a certain Messuage, Plantation and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing 200 Acres, more or less, situate in the Township of Oxford, in the County of Chester; bounded by Lands of Francis Motheral, Samuel McNeal, David Fleming, and others. Also will be sold at the same Time, Wheat and Rye in the Ground, Horses, Cows, &c. and sundry Household Goods; all late the Estate and Effects of Stephen Cornelius, seized in Execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the Tenth Day of May next ensuing the Date hereof, by the Subscribers (Executrix and Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Joshua Bond, late of Baltimore County, Maryland, deceased, and pursuant thereto) for Cash, or short Credit, on giving Security, if required,

A GOOD new Merchant and Grift-Mill, double geared, which are completely finished, with two Pair of Stones, two Boulting-Cloths, and hoisting Geers, all going by Water. A good new framed Saw-Mill, well covered, and running Geers in good Repair. The said Mills are built on an approved good Part of a never-failing Stream of Water, known by the Name of Winter's Run, and they being but about 6 Miles from Bush River Landing, and 7 Miles from Joppa, in said County, and in a populous Neighbourhood, it renders the Grift-Mill extraordinary well situated for getting Grain, either for Merchant or Country Grift, and the Saw-Mill to have constant Employ, there being always a great Demand for Plank of all Sorts. There is also to be sold, with said Mills, about 30 or 40 Acres of good Land, adjoining thereto, well timbered, and great Part may by little Expence be made good Meadow of.

All Persons that have any just Demands against the Estate of the aforesaid Joshua Bond, are hereby desired to bring in their Accounts, regularly proved, that they may be adjusted. And all those that are indebted to the said Estate, are hereby requested to make immediate Payment, and by so doing they will prevent Trouble (that must ensue from their Non-payment) to themselves, as well as to

ANN BOND, Executrix,
WILLIAM BOND, Executor.

April 12, 1769.

Philadelphia, April 19, 1769.

JOHN ORD, of this City, Merchant, having assigned to us, in Behalf of his Creditors, his Estate, both real and personal; Notice is hereby given to those indebted to the said Ord, by Bond, Book Account, or otherwise, immediately to pay off their respective Balances; and those who have any Demands on the said Ord, are desired to bring in their Accounts, to be adjusted.

On Thursday, the 18th of May next, at the London Coffee-house, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, will be sold at public Sale, the Dwelling-house of the said Ord, situate in Front-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets. BENJAMIN CHEW, JOHN GIBSON.

THE COUNTRY SEAT late of William Coleman, Esq; within 4 Miles of the City of Philadelphia, on the West Side of Wissahickon Road, will be sold by public Vendue; it contains about 12 Acres, with a House of 3 Rooms on a Floor, finished in a neat Manner; an Out-house suitable for a Tenant, built of Stone, with 4 Fire-places, 2 on each Floor, and a Cellar under the whole, a good Stone Chair-house and Stable, a handsome Garden, a thriving Orchard of good Apple Trees, and other Fruit, and a Well of excellent Water. The whole Place being under good Post and Rail and Pallisadoe Fence. The Sale to be on the Premises at 3 o'Clock on Thursday, the 18th of May inst. Several Years Credit will be allowed for the whole, if required, on giving sufficient Security, and paying Interest.

To be sold by public vendue, at the London Coffee-House, on Wednesday, the 17th Day of May inst. at 5 o'Clock in the Evening, if not disposed of before by private Sale.

ALL that Bank and Water Lot, situate between Walnut-street and the Dock, in the City of Philadelphia, known by the Name of the Burnt Buildings, containing in Breadth, North and South, 83 Feet and a Half, late the Estate of Jonathan Dickenson, deceased. For Particulars, respecting the Title and Conditions of Sale, apply to WILLIAM GALE, DANIEL BENEZET, or LEWIS WEISS.

Chester, April 20, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Monday, the 22nd day of May next, at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, at William Jones's tavern, in Birmingham township, in the county of Chester, will be exposed to sale, a certain tract or parcel of valuable woodland, situate, lying and being, in West-Town township, in the said county of Chester, containing about 405 acres, bounded by the road leading from Goshen, towards Wilmington, and by lands of William Johnston, Nathaniel Newlin, Jacob Yearley, Joseph Hunt, and James Hewey, formerly the estate of Michael Lovell, deceased.

N. B. It is proposed, for the better-convenience of the neighbours, to divide the said land into 3 divisions, a plan whereof may be seen at Mr. Jones's in Birmingham, or at Mr. Graham's office in Chester.

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

To be sold by public vendue, at the house of William Doyle, in Warwick township, Bucks county, upon the 10th day of May inst. by Lawrence Gwosdon, one of the executors of Jeremiah Langhorne, Esq; deceased, and by John Denormandie, Gilbert Hickie, and Thomas Yearley, Esquires, executors of Langhorne Biles, Gentleman, deceased;

A PLANTATION and TRACT of about 160 acres of LAND, adjoining to James Crawford's land, in the township of Warwick aforesaid, being the place where Black Joe lately dwelt. The vendue to begin at one of the Clock in the afternoon. The Buyer paying down one third part of the purchase money, may, upon good security, have time for payment of the remainder, upon interest.

Drummore Township, Lancaster County, April 10, 1769.

To be sold by way of public vendue, at the late dwelling-house of John Long, Store-keeper, in Drummore township, Lancaster county, on Saturday, the 20th day of May next, by 2 o'Clock in the afternoon,

A PLANTATION and TRACT of warranted LAND, containing about 226 acres, situate in the said township of Drummore, now in the possession of John Carlson, and belonging to the said John Long, who has absented himself from those parts, without paying his creditors; which land is seized by attachment, and to be sold by the subscribers, as auditors appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, held for the said county; and attendance will be given for that purpose, by us

ISAAC SAUNDERS, GEORGE McCULLOUGH,
and THOMAS PORTER, Auditors.

To be sold, by way of public vendue, on the 5th of May inst. by the subscriber, living on the premises, at the Four Lanes End, in Bucks county,

A LOT of ground, containing about 1 acre and three quarters, on which there is a stone-house, having 3 rooms on a floor, with a pump at the door, a good brick smith's-shop and coal-houses, &c. There is a good garden, and a very good bearing orchard, containing upwards of 50 apple trees, chiefly grafted winter fruit, which may be sold either with the buildings and garden, or separate, as may best suit the purchaser. It is pleasantly situated, about 22 miles from Philadelphia, 7 from Bristol, and about 4 from Newtown; it would suit a tradesman, as it is a very public place. The conditions will be made known at the time of sale, by

RICHARD MITCHELL.

N. B. There will be also exposed to sale the same day and place, sundry household goods, and smith's tools.

Just imported in the last Vessels from London, and in the Sally, Captain Spain, from Liverpool, and to be sold by RANDLE MITCHELL, At his Store in Water-street, the South Side of Walnut-street, on the lowest Terms, for ready Money, or short Credit, GENERAL Assortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, suitable for the Season.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 14th of May, at 7 o'Clock in the evening, at the house of John Barnhill, a certain three story brick house, and lot of ground, situate on the north-side of Elm-street, between Second and Third-streets, containing in breadth 18 feet 10 inches, and in depth 75 feet; bounded westward by ground late of John Pemberton, northward by Israel Pemberton's ground, eastward by John Marle's ground, and southward by Elm-street aforesaid; subject to a groundrent of Four Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Six-pence, Pennsylvania currency, per annum; late the estate of John Baker; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

IN Pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court, for Chester County, will be exposed to Sale, by public Vendue, at Ten o'Clock, on Friday, the 12th Day of May inst. at the late Dwelling-House of John Gardner, in West-Nantmell Township, in the County aforesaid, two Messuages or Tenements, and two Tracts or Parcels of Land, lying contiguous together, and situate in West-Nantmell aforesaid; one of said Tracts contains 124 Acres, 148 Perches, and Allowance; and the other contains 94 Acres, 80 Perches, and Allowance; late the Estate of the said John Gardner, deceased. Due Attendance will be given, and the Conditions made known, at the Time of Sale, by JAMES CRAWFORD, REBECCA CRAWFORD, and JAMES HAIR, Administrators.

WHEREAS I, PETER SHOPE, of Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, gave to ALEXANDER M'NUTT two Bonds; one for Thirty-three Pounds, Six Shillings, and Eight-pence, payable the Eighth of May, 1769; the other also for the same Sum, payable the Eighth of May, 1770, in Consideration for a Tract of Land sold by him to me; but as he hath not fulfilled his Contract, this serves to forbid all Persons from taking Assignments of said Bonds, as I will not pay the Money, until he fulfils his Engagement.

PETER SHOPE.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, On the 31st day of May inst.

A VERY valuable tract of LAND, called Dunkleil, lying in Baltimore county, within a few Miles of Baltimore-Town, consisting of 599 acres, well situated for the navigable rivers of Bush and Gunpowder; the land is exceeding well timbered, and the soil extremely fertile, equal to any in the county; there are several bottoms, which may be easily made into very valuable meadow, and contain several streams of water; about 250 acres of upland are cleared, quite fresh, and not more than two seasons in cultivation. There are several improvements, which, with a small expence, may be made very valuable, and no situation better adapted for a farm. The title to said land is indisputable. Six months credit (without interest) will be allowed, on giving security. A general warrantee will be given to the purchaser at the time of payment. For further particulars, enquire of JOHN PACA, of Baltimore county; WILLIAM PACA, in the city of Annapolis; or WILLIAM TON, in Philadelphia; of whom they may receive any further information.

To be SOLD by way of public vendue, on Tuesday, the 9th of May inst.

PART of the estate of William Reynolds, deceased, in Cumberland county, within half a mile of Shippensburg, consisting of a complete merchant mill, with two pair of stones, on a never failing stream fed by three large springs, every thing in good order for carrying on merchant work; 100 acres of land, more or less, laid out, and to be sold with the mill, with a proportion of meadow; both land and meadow extremely good, advantageously situated, adjoining said mill. Also above 300 acres of good wheat land, a large quantity of meadow ground, 20 acres of which is under good new fence, and in good mowable order, may be watered at a very small expence, very rich deep black soil, and would be an excellent place for raising stock. An indisputable title will be made to the purchaser or purchasers of either or both the above places. Likewise cows, horses, wagon, grain in the ground, a quantity of wheat and other grain in the mill, three hogheads of good rye liquor, and a great variety of other articles, too tedious to mention.

The creditors of the aforesaid decedent, are requested to furnish the subscribers with the amount of their legal demands, in a regular manner, before the day of sale, in order to be adjusted. The vendue to continue from day to day, if necessary, till all be sold. Due attendance, and reasonable credit, will be given by FRANCIS CAMPEL, and BENJAMIN BLYTH, Executors. †

A Sundry Gentlemen, in and about Philadelphia, are desirous of raising Colts, out of the celebrated English hunting Horse, called FREDERICK, that is kept for covering Mares in Monmouth County, East-Jersey, they may have an Opportunity of sending Mares to him the 15th of May, by applying to ROBERT BAINES, at Mr. RHEA'S Stable, in Church-Alley, any Time before the said Date, and no Expence will attend them, but the Ferriage, and eating upon the Road, and the Mares will be returned them again, when done with the Horse (Accidents excepted.) The Price of covering, for the Season, will be Eight Dollars, and Eighteen-pence per Week Pasturage, for the Mares, to be paid at their Return; or they may have their Mares warranted to be with Foal for Five Pounds, and if they do not prove so, the Money will be returned again upon Honour.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on Thursday, the 11th day of May inst. at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, in the town of Dover, in Kent county, upon Delaware, the following tracts of valuable lands, to wit, all that tract of land, situate in Duck-Creek Hundred, in the county aforesaid, containing 150 acres of land, be the same more or less, being part of a larger tract of land, formerly belonging to William Harroway, now deceased; also one other tract of land, situate in the Hundred and county aforesaid, called the Golden Grove, containing 209 acres of land, be the same more or less; also one other tract or parcel of land, situate in the Hundred and county aforesaid, called Newberry, lying on the south side of the main branch of Duck-Creek, containing 400 acres of land, be the same more or less; all which said several tracts are well timbered, and conveniently situated on account of public landings. Also one other tract of land, situate in the Hundred and county aforesaid, on the north side of a branch, called Bairman's Branch, within half a mile of the Cross-Roads at Duck-Creek (a place of very considerable trade) containing 100 acres of land, be the same more or less. Which said lands were late the property of Patrick Martin, and Mary his wife, of Kent county, deceased; the titles are clear, and indisputable; seized and taken in execution by JAMES WELLS, Sheriff.

THE following Officers, who served in the Pennsylvania Regiment, in the Year 1764, viz. Captains Hunter, Kern, Green, Houfflegger, Lems, Hendricks, Brady, W. Piper and Bucher; Lieutenants Stewart, Wiggins, Hays, Nice, Hunckers, Akcey and M'Allister; Ensigns W. Piper, M'Meen, Morrow, Stiene and Forster, are desired to meet at Mr. John Harris's, in Paxton Township, Lancaster County, on the 15th Day of May inst. in order that a Division may be made of the Land granted to them by the Honourable Proprietaries, and are requested to be punctual in their Attendance, that the Expenses attending the Survey, and other Charges, in prosecuting the Application, may be discharged.

TURBUTT FRANCIS, Lieut. Col. }
J. P. DE HAAS, Major. } Commissioners.
WILLIAM PLUNKETT, }
JAMES IRVINE, } Capts.